GE Intelligent Platforms Programmable Control Products

RSTi-EP Functional Safety Manual

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Legal Information

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Table of Contents

TABLE O	F Co	NTENTS	
Снарте	R 1	Introduction	3
1.1	REV	ISIONS IN THIS MANUAL	3
1.2	Мо	DULES SWITCHABLE BY EP-19XX	4
Снарте	R 2	SAFETY	5
2.1	GEN	NERAL SAFETY NOTICE	5
2.1	.1	Electrostatic Discharge	5
2.1		Open Equipment	5
2.1		Fusing	
2.1		Earthing (Functional Earth FE)	
2.1		Shielding	
2.2		ENDED USE	
2.3		IN A POTENTIALLY EXPLOSIVE ATMOSPHERE	
2.3		ATEX Zone 2	
2.3		ATEX Marking	
2.4		TES ON FUNCTIONAL SAFETY	
2.4 2.4		Safety Integrity Level (SIL)	
2.4 2.4		Performance Level (PL)	
2.4		AL NOTICE	
2.6		DUIREMENTS ON SENSORS/SIGNAL GENERATORS	
Снарте		SYSTEM OVERVIEW	
3.1	SAF	ETY FUNCTION	9
3.2		1PLE DESIGN	
3.3		NSITION	
3.4		ETY LEVEL	
Снартеі	R 4	CONFIGURATION	12
4.1	Sw	ITCH-OFF DELAY TIME	13
4.2		RATION WITH AND WITHOUT TEST PULSES	
Снарте	R 5	DETAILED DESCRIPTIONS OF EP-19xx MODULES	15
5.1	GEN	NERAL TECHNICAL DATA FOR EP-19XX	15
5.2	DAT	TA WIDTH OF EP-19XX MODULES	16
5.3	Dig	ITAL INPUT MODULE EP-1901	17
5.3	.1	LEDs	
5.3		Connection Diagrams	
5.3		Specifications EP-1901	
5.4		ITAL INPUT MODULE EP-1902	
5.4		LEDs	
5.4		Connection Diagrams	
5.4		Specifications EP-1902	
5.5	υlG	ITAL INPUT MODULE EP-1922	

5.5.	.1	LEDs	.3.3
5.5.		Connection Diagrams	
5.5	.3	Specifications EP-1922	
Снарте	R 6	INSTALLATION	40
Снарте	r 7	EXAMPLE APPLICATIONS	41
7.1	DUA	L-CHANNEL EMERGENCY STOP MONITORING	.41
7.2	DUA	L-CHANNEL LIGHT CURTAIN MONITORING (AOPD TYPE 4) AND EMERGENCY STOP MONITORING	.43
7.3	DUA	L-CHANNEL EMERGENCY STOP AND CABLE-PULL SWITCH MONITORING	.45
7.4	DUA	L-CHANNEL SAFETY DOOR MONITORING WITH AUTOMATIC RESET AND EMERGENCY STOP	.47
7.5		TY MAT	
7.6		L-CHANNEL TWO-HAND MONITORING WITH AUTOMATIC START	
7.7	DUA	l-channel Safety Door Monitoring with Magnetic Switch, Automatic Reset and Emergenc	Ϋ́
STOP	53		
7.8	DUA	L-CHANNEL SAFETY DOOR MONITORING, SPRING-OPERATED INTERLOCK WITH MANUAL RESET AND	
EMERO	GENCY	STOP	.55
7.9	DUA	L-CHANNEL SAFETY DOOR MONITORING, MAGNETICALLY OPERATED INTERLOCK WITH MANUAL RESET	AND
EMERO	GENCY	STOP	.57
7.10	DUA	L-CHANNEL SAFETY DOOR MONITORING WITH PROXIMITY SENSORS, AUTOMATIC RESET AND EMERGEN	ICY
STOP	59		
7.11	DUA	l-channel Safety Door Monitoring, Spring-operated Interlock, Controlled Shutdown w	ITH
Manu		SET AND EMERGENCY STOP	
7.12	DUA	L-CHANNEL SAFETY DOOR MONITORING WITH AUTOMATIC RESET AND CONTROLLED SHUTDOWN AND	
EMERG	GENCY	STOP	.63
7.13	CAS	CADING	.65
Снарте	r 8	LED INDICATORS AND TROUBLESHOOTING	66
Снарте	R 9	ACCESSORIES AND REPLACEMENT PARTS	68
9.1	Repi	ACEMENT PARTS	.68
APPEND	ıx A	CHECKLIST FOR USE OF EP-19XX MODULES	69

Chapter 1 Introduction

Safety technology is of central importance in industrial automation and machine building. If you want to reduce risks and avoid dangers for people and environment, you need solutions which satisfy stringent requirements and statutory specifications. The safety modules of the RSTi-EP system have key features such as emergency-stop circuits and wire-breakage or short-circuit detection. They meet all SIL 3 requirements according to IEC 62061 and EN ISO 13849-1, category 4, PL e, and support the safe operation of your system.

By safely shutting down the downstream output modules, the safety modules attain maximum safety with optimum control. All input sensors are independently supplied via separate voltage paths and report the current machine status to the control unit. Restarting is either carried out in manual mode or using the autostart function. In addition, GE safety modules reduce maintenance and service times and improve response times in case of emergency – thanks to a concept of maximum transparency, for example, using OSSD outputs.

1.1 Revisions in this Manual

Rev	Date	Description
-	Nov-2017	Added EPXMBE101 (Dual LAN Modbus Network Adapter).
-	Nov-2015	Initial Release

1.2 Modules Switchable by EP-19xx

Safely switchable output modules:

- EP-2214
- EP-2614
- EP-2634
- EP-2218
- EP-225F
- EP-5422
- EP-5442
- EP-4164
- EP-4264

In case a N-logic output module is positioned within a safety segment the connected load needs to be switched against +24 V Safe.

The relay output modules EP-2714 and EP-2814are not safely switchable, therefore they must not switch any safety function.

The digital counter module EP-5111 will not be switched since it is supplied via the input current path.

Chapter 2 Safety

This section includes general safety instructions for handling the RSTi-EP system. Specific safety instructions for specific tasks and situations are given at the appropriate places in the documentation.

2.1 General Safety Notice

Work on the RSTi-EP products may only be performed by qualified electricians with the support of trained persons. As a result of their professional training and experience, an electrician is qualified to perform the necessary work and identify any potential risks.

Before any work is carried out on the products (installation, maintenance, retrofitting), the power supply must be switched off and secured against being switched on again. Work may be carried out with safety extra-low voltage.

When working during continued operations, the emergency stop mechanisms must not be made ineffective. If you need technical help, contact Technical Support. For phone numbers and email addresses, refer to the *General Contact Information* page in the front of this manual.

If a malfunction on a RSTi-EP product cannot be fixed after following the recommended measures (refer to the Chapter, *LED Indicators and Troubleshooting*), the product in question must be sent back to GE. GE does not assume any liability if the base or electronic module has been tampered with.

2.1.1 Electrostatic Discharge

RSTi-EP products can be damaged or destroyed by electrostatic discharge. When handling the products, the necessary safety measures against electrostatic discharge (ESD) according to IEC 61340-5-1 and IEC 61340-5-2 must be observed.

All devices are supplied in ESD-protected packaging. The packing and unpacking as well as the installation and disassembly of a device may only be carried out by qualified personnel and in accordance with the ESD information.

2.1.2 Open Equipment

RSTi-EP products are open equipment that may only be installed and operated in lockable housings, cabinets or electrical operations rooms. Only trained and authorized personnel may access the equipment.

For applications requiring functional safety, the surrounding housing must meet at least IP 54. The standards and guidelines applicable for the assembly of switch cabinets and the arrangement of data and supply lines must be complied with.

2.1.3 Fusing

If EP-190x safe power-feed modules are installed within a RSTi-EP station, a Safety Extra Low Voltage (SELV) / Protected Extra Low Voltage (PELV) power supply has to be applied to ensure the safety functions.

The operator must set up the equipment so that it is protected against overloading. The upstream fuse must be designed such that it does not exceed the maximum load current. The maximum permissible load current of the RSTi-EP components can be found in the technical data.

In the case of modules without fused sensor/actuator power supplies, all lines to the connected sensors/actuators must be fused corresponding to their conductor cross-section (as per DIN VDE 0298 Part 4).

To meet UL-specifications in accordance with UL 248-14, a UL-certified automatic fuse or a 10 A fuse with a medium time-lag.

All connections of the RSTi-EP components are protected against voltage pulses and overcurrent in accordance with IEC 61131-2, Zone B. The operator has to decide whether additional overvoltage protection according to IEC 62305 is required. Voltages that exceed +/-30 V may cause the destruction of Network Adapters and modules.

A feed-in power supply with secure isolation must be used.

2.1.4 Earthing (Functional Earth FE)

Each RSTi-EP I/O module is fitted with an FE spring on the underside which creates an electrical connection to the DIN rail. In order to establish a secure connection, the assembly must be carried out carefully in accordance with the instructions (refer to the Chapter, *Error! Reference source not found.*). The module is earthed by connecting the DIN rail to the protective earth via the earth terminal.

2.1.5 Shielding

Shielded lines are to be connected with shielded plugs and fixed on a shield bus in compliance with the relevant standard (refer to the Chapter, *E*).

2.2 Intended Use

The products of the RSTi-EP series are intended for use in industrial automation. A RSTi-EP station with bus Network Adapter and connected modules is intended for the decentralized control of systems or sub-systems. Through the Network Adapter, every module of a station is integrated into a fieldbus structure and connected to the control unit. The RSTi-EP products conform to protection class IP 20 (in accordance with DIN EN 60529), they can be used in potentially explosive atmospheres rated as Zone 2 (as per Directive 94/9/EC) and in safe zones.

The observance of the supplied documentation is part of the intended use. The products described in this manual may only be used for the intended applications and only in connection with certified third-party devices or components.

2.3 Use in a Potentially Explosive Atmosphere

If RSTi-EP products are used in potentially explosive atmospheres, the following notes are **also** applicable:

- Staff involved in assembly, installation and operation must be qualified to perform safe work on electrical systems protected against potentially explosive atmospheres.
- For applications in potentially explosive atmospheres, the requirements according to IEC/EN 60079-15 must be observed, in particular the housing enclosing the system must meet the requirements of explosion protection type Ex n or Ex e and protection class IP54.
- Sensors and actuators that are located in Zone 2 or in a safe zone can be connected to the RSTi-FP station
- When the temperature under rated conditions exceeds 70 °C at the conductor or conduit entry point, or 80 °C at the contact, the temperature specification of the selected cable shall be in compliance with the actual measured temperature values.
- When using relay modules EP-2814 in explosive atmosphere:
 - o Condensation shall be avoided.
 - o If the switching voltage exceeds 63V, a surge protection device shall be provided that limits the transients to a peak voltage of 500V or less.
- A visual inspection of the RSTi-EP station is to be performed once per year.

Warning



EXPLOSION HAZARD - SUBSTITUTION OF COMPONENTS MAY IMPAIR SUITABILITY FOR CLASS I, DIVISION 2.

WHEN IN HAZARDOUS LOCATIONS, TURN OFF POWER BEFORE REPLACING OR WIRING MODULES; AND

DO NOT CONNECT OR DISCONNECT EQUIPMENT UNLESS POWER HAS BEEN SWITCHED OFF OR THE AREA IS KNOWN TO BE NONHAZARDOUS.

2.3.1 ATEX Zone 2

The module must be mounted in an enclosure certified in accordance with EN60079-15 for use in Zone 2, Group IIC and rated IP54. The enclosure shall only be able to be opened with the use of a tool.

2.3.2 ATEX Marking

II 3 G Ex nA IIC T4 Gc Ta: -20°C ... +60°C

2.4 Notes on Functional Safety

2.4.1 Safety Integrity Level (SIL)

The safety requirements necessary for the safety functions of an application are determined in a risk analysis. Here, the probability of failure of the safety functions is important. In an operating mode with a high rate of demand or continuous demand, the probability of dangerous failure per hour (PFH) must be taken into consideration, whereas in an operating mode with a lower rate of demand, the probability of dangerous failure on demand (PFD) must be taken into consideration.

According to IEC 61508 and IEC 62061, the safety requirements are graded by the failure limit values as follows:

	PFD	PFH
SIL3	< 10 ⁻³	< 10 ⁻⁷
SIL2	$\geq 10^{-3}$ to $< 10^{-2}$	≥ 10 ⁻⁷ to < 10 ⁻⁶
SIL1	≥ 10 ⁻² to < 10 ⁻¹	≥ 10 ⁻⁶ to < 10 ⁻⁵

Safety Requirements by Failure Limit Values

2.4.2 Performance Level (PL)

According to DIN EN ISO 13849-1, the degree to which a safety function contributes to risk minimisation is defined as the performance level. A distinction is made between the five levels PLa to PLe with an increasing contribution to risk minimisation.

2.4.3 Safety Categories

Safety categories according to DIN EN ISO 13849-1 describe a minimum level of applicable safety and to what extent monitoring is required.

Category B: The safety-related components of machine controls and/or their safety equipment as well as their components must be designed, selected, assembled and combined to the state of the art such they can withstand the expected conditions.

Category 1: The requirements of Category B must be met. Use of proven safety-related components.

Category 2: The requirements of Category B must be met with the use of proven safety principles. The safety functions must be verified by the machine controls at suitable intervals (depending on the application and the type of machine).

Category 3: The requirements of Category B must be met with the use of proven safety principles. Controls must be designed so that a single failure in the control system does not lead to a loss of safety function(s), and whenever reasonably practicable, the single failure shall be detected with suitable means which meet the state of the art.

Category 4: The requirements of Category B must be met along with the use of proven safety principles. Controls must be designed so that a single failure in the control system does not lead to a loss of safety function(s), and whenever reasonably practicable, a single failure is detected during or prior to the next demand upon the safety function, or if this is not possible, an accumulation of faults does not lead to the loss of the safety function(s).

2.5 Legal Notice

The RSTi-EP series products are CE-compliant in accordance with Directive 2004/108/EC (EMC Directive) and Directive 2006/95/EC (Low Voltage Directive). They also meet the requirements of the ATEX Directive 94/9/EC.

2.6 Requirements on Sensors/Signal Generators

The sensors/signal generators being connected must meet the following requirements:

- Only signal generators that are suited for the respective required safety level may be used.
- Positively opening control switches must be used in accordance with IEC 60947-5-1 (designated with this symbol:).
- Only use components that have been proven in operation.
- Depending on the established risk level, switches (for example, for position monitoring) may have to have a redundant design.
- Depending on the required safety level, control devices may have to have a redundant design. In this regard, make sure to take into account the applicable C standards.

Chapter 3 System Overview

The RSTi-EP safe power-feed modules EP-19xx are intended for connecting safety-related equipment. The EP-19xx modules are controlled using contact-based safety transducers and/or safety transducers with OSSD inputs. The safety function consists of the safe disconnection of 24 V outputs by switching them Off when there is a safety circuit failure.

Each EP-19xx module safely switches off all following modules that are supplied by the output current path and thus creates a safety segment. A survey of the switchable modules is shown at the end of this section. The safety segment extends either to the next EP-7641 module or to the end of the station. A safety-related input circuit together with pulsed inputs is used for detecting broken wires and short circuits.

In the RSTi-EP system, three types of EP-19xx modules are available:

- EP-1901 (one safe input)
- EP-1902 (two safe inputs)
- EP-1922 (two safe inputs, delayed switching off possible)

With EP-19xx modules, the following safety functions can be implemented:

- Up to two dual-channel safety circuits (AND linked), for example, for emergency stop switch, safety door contacts and safety light curtain
- A range of output modules within a RSTi-EP station is safely supplied with power via the switched 24 V Safe output.
- EP-19xx modules can be cascaded.

3.1 Safety Function

The safety function of the safe power-feed modules is that the safe output 24 V Safe is being switched according to the information of the inputs (Type 3 according to EN 61131-2, N-switching respectively). The safe status is 24 V switched off (current path for outputs and the output 24 V Safe is switched off).



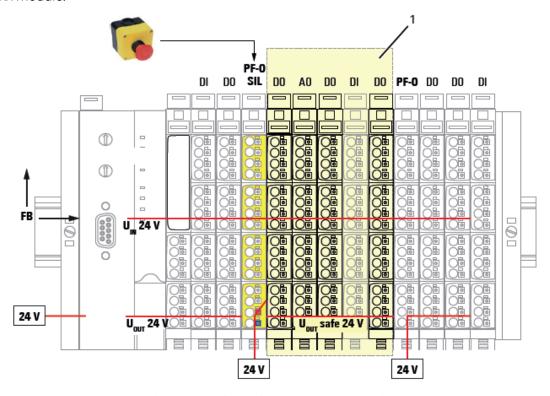
Safe Power-feed Module EP-1901



Safe Power-feed Module EP-1902

3.2 Sample Design

The following figure exemplifies how to design a safety segment using a EP-19xx module. All output modules arranged within the safety segment will be switched safely. DI modules can be arranged within the safety segment, only they do not fulfill any safety function and are not influenced by the EP-19xx module.



Example Set-up of a Safety Segment (1) with EP-19xx

To switch the 24 V Safe voltage back on, either an automatic or a manual start can be selected.

• Automatic start: the safe output current path is switched on immediately after resetting the safety circuit(s).



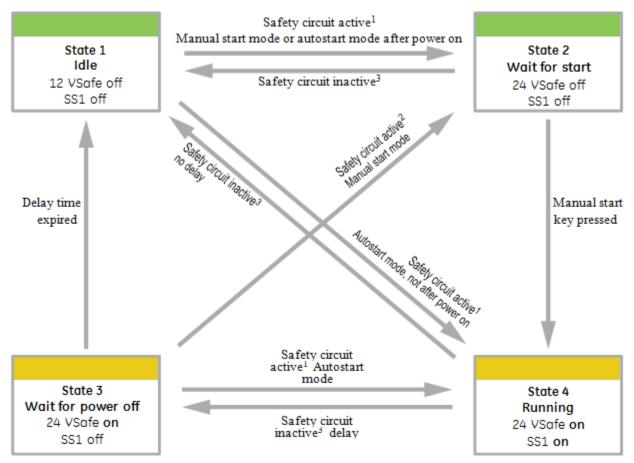
Warning

The Automatic Start option should only be used after a risk analysis has shown that the application is suitable.

• Manual start: the output current path is only switched on again if the start button has been held down for a preset length of time.

With the delay SIL module (EP-1922) switching off can be delayed by a defined time so that, for example, a machine can be shut down in a controlled manner. The delay time can be set in four steps between 0 and 60 seconds (corresponds to stop category 1 as per EN 60204).

3.3 Transition



- 1)Both channels of a safety circuit must get active within a discrepancy time of 0.5 s max.
- 2) The 24 V Safe output remains on until delay time is expired.
- 3) At least one channel of the safety circuit.

Transition Diagram

With the delay SIL module (EP-1922) switching off can be delayed by a defined time so that, for example, a machine can be shut down in a controlled manner. The delay time can be set in four steps between 0 and 60 seconds (corresponds to stop category 1 as per EN 60204).

3.4 Safety Level

Depending on the entire safety chain, the EP-19xx modules optimally achieve the following safety levels:

- SIL3 (as per IEC 61508)
- SIL CL3 (as per IEC 62061)
- PLe (as per DIN EN ISO 13849-1)
- Cat. 4 (as per DIN EN ISO 13849)

Chapter 4 Configuration

An EP-19xx module can be positioned anywhere in the RSTi-EP station. Each safety segment might include at most 12 switchable modules. Multiple EP-19xx modules and thus safety segments can be set up in a single station.

When planning a RSTi-EP station with EP-7641 modules, the following requirements must be met:

- The overall current consumption of all switchable modules within a safety segment must be lower than 100 mA (refer to the table *Switch-off Delay and current Consumption*).
- Each safety segment might include at most 12 switchable modules.
- The switch-off delay time (discrepancy time) for the safe input channels within a safety circuit is $500 \text{ ms} \pm 10 \text{ ms}$.
- The load output is not designed for either inductive or capacitive loads.
- The station must be safeguarded with a 8-A super fast fuse.
- A SELV/PELV power supply must be used.
- The safely shut-off systems/applications must get their power only from the safe feed-in module EP-19xx. Likewise, it must not be possible to feed external energy into the safety segment elsewhere.
- Relay modules can be located after the safe feed-in module; however their outputs cannot be safely shut off in case of a malfunction.
- At the SS1 output of the EP-1922, only systems/equipment that do not feed any power back into the system in the event of a malfunction can be connected.
- Any external short circuits in the wiring of the safe output must be avoided.
- Fault exclusion as per EN ISO 13849-2 must be provided.

4.1 Switch-off Delay Time

The turn-off time of a EP-19xx module is 20 ms, caused by the hardware and firmware delay time. The time required until the output voltage even of the last switchable module of a safety segment is below 5 V, can be calculated as follows:

Switch off delay [ms] =

Turn-off time of a EP-19xx module

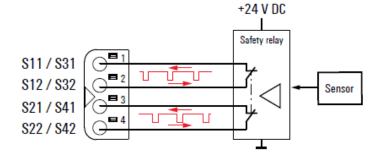
+ Sum of all modules' hardware delay

Module	Hardware Delay (ms)	Current Consumption (mA)
EP-2214	2	8
EP-2614	2	8
EP-2634	3	15
EP-2218	1	15
EP-225F	1	10
EP-5422	5	10
EP-5442	5	10
EP-4164	150 [†]	10
EP-4264	150 [†]	10
†The delay time is always 150 ms, irre	spective of the amount of these modules	.

4.2 Operation With and Without Test Pulses

All safe power-feed modules provide a test pulse evaluation, so that the highest safety levels can be achieved (see technical data).

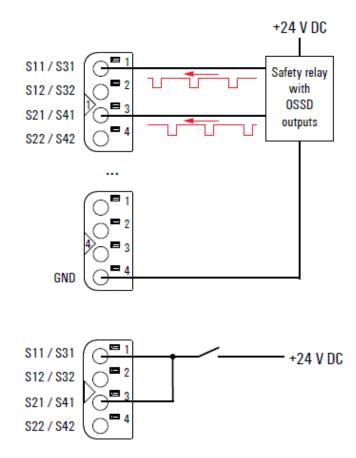




Example of Operation with Test Pulses

The safe power-feed module EP-1922 might also be operated without test pulses. This is mandatory whenever an external device producing own test pulses is connected.

Test pulses can be enabled or disabled using the DIP-switches at the module.



Example of Operation without Test Pulses

Chapter 5 **Detailed Descriptions of EP-19xx Modules**

5.1 General Technical Data for EP-19xx

Line connection cross-section $Fine-wired $	- 1.5 mm² (0.01 - 0.06 in²) (AWG 26 - 1.5 mm² (0.01 - 0.06 in²) 5 26 - 16) mm (4.72 in) release lever: 128 mm, 5.04 in) mm (0.45 in) m (2.99 in) 0 +60°C (- 4 to +140 °F) 0 +85°C (- 40 to +185 °F) 0 95 %, non-condensing as per IEC 1131-2 5 hPa (altitude ≤ 2000 m, 6562 ft) er IEC 61131-2 0 hPa (altitude ≤ 3000 m, 9843 ft)
Fine-wired0.14 (AWCDimensionsHeight120 m (with)Width11.5 DepthDepth76 mWeight80 - 84 g (2.83 - 2.96 oz)Protection class (DIN EN 60529)IP 20Flammability rating UL 94V-0Temperature dataOperation-20 t Storage, transportHumidityOperation, storage, transport5% tOperation≥ 79 as peStorage, transport> 70 as peStorage, transport> 70 as peStorage, transport> 15 as peVibration resistance5 Hz ≤ f ≤ 8.4 Hz: 3.5 mm (0.14 in) ampl 8.4 Hz ≤ f ≤ 150 Hz: 1 g (0.04 oz) acceleShock resistance15 g (0.5 oz) for 11 ms, half sinewave, cTest voltageMax field,	6 26 - 16) mm (4.72 in) release lever: 128 mm, 5.04 in) mm (0.45 in) m (2.99 in) 0 +60°C (- 4 to +140 °F) 0 +85°C (- 40 to +185 °F) 0 95 %, non-condensing as per IEC 1131-2 5 hPa (altitude ≤ 2000 m, 6562 ft) er IEC 61131-2
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Width11.5Depth76 mWeight $80 - 84 g (2.83 - 2.96 oz)$ Protection class (DIN EN 60529)IP 20Flammability rating UL 94Temperature dataOperation-20 tStorage, transport-40 tHumidityOperation, storage, transport $5\% t$ Operation≥ 79 cas permitted $5\% t$ Vibration resistance $5\% t$ $5\% t$ Shock resistance $5\% t$ $5\% t$ Test voltage $5\% t$ $5\% t$ Test voltage $5\% t$	m (2.99 in) 0 +60°C (- 4 to +140 °F) 0 +85°C (- 40 to +185 °F) 0 95 %, non-condensing as per IEC 1131-2 5 hPa (altitude ≤ 2000 m, 6562 ft) er IEC 61131-2
Weight $80 - 84 \text{ g} (2.83 - 2.96 \text{ oz})$ Protection class (DIN EN 60529)IP 20Flammability rating UL 94V-0Temperature dataOperation-20 tStorage, transport-40 tHumidityOperation, storage, transport $5\% \text{ t}$ Air pressureOperation ≥ 79 as permanentVibration resistance $5 \text{ Hz} \leq f \leq 8.4 \text{ Hz}$: $3.5 \text{ mm} (0.14 \text{ in}) \text{ ampl}$ $8.4 \text{ Hz} \leq f \leq 150 \text{ Hz}$: $1 \text{ g} (0.04 \text{ oz}) \text{ accele}$ Shock resistance $15 \text{ g} (0.5 \text{ oz}) \text{ for } 11 \text{ ms}$, half sinewave, of field,Test voltageMax field,	o +60°C (- 4 to +140 °F) o +85°C (- 40 to +185 °F) o 95 %, non-condensing as per IEC 1131-2 5 hPa (altitude ≤ 2000 m, 6562 ft) er IEC 61131-2
Protection class (DIN EN 60529) IP 20 Flammability rating UL 94 V-0 Temperature data Operation -20 t Storage, transport -40 t Humidity Operation, storage, transport 5% t Air pressure Operation ≥ 790 as peration Storage, transport ≥ 700 as peration 5 Hz ≤ f ≤ 8.4 Hz: 3.5 mm (0.14 in) ampleration 8.4 Hz ≤ f ≤ 150 Hz: 1 g (0.04 oz) acceleration Shock resistance 15 g (0.5 oz) for 11 ms, half sinewave, or field, fi	o +85°C (- 40 to +185 °F) o 95 %, non-condensing as per IEC 1131-2 o hPa (altitude ≤ 2000 m, 6562 ft) er IEC 61131-2
Flammability rating UL 94 V-0 Temperature data Operation -20 t Storage, transport -40 t Humidity Operation, storage, transport 5% t Operation ≥ 79 t as peration > 70 t Storage, transport > 70 t as peration > 15 Hz ≤ f ≤ 8.4 Hz: 3.5 mm (0.14 in) ample (0	o +85°C (- 40 to +185 °F) o 95 %, non-condensing as per IEC 1131-2 o hPa (altitude ≤ 2000 m, 6562 ft) er IEC 61131-2
Temperature dataOperation-20 tStorage, transport-40 tHumidityOperation, storage, transport5% tOperation ≥ 79 as permanentStorage, transport ≥ 70 as permanentVibration resistance $5 \text{ Hz} \leq f \leq 8.4 \text{ Hz}$: $3.5 \text{ mm} (0.14 \text{ in}) \text{ ampl}$ $8.4 \text{ Hz} \leq f \leq 150 \text{ Hz}$: $1 \text{ g} (0.04 \text{ oz}) \text{ accele}$ Shock resistance $15 \text{ g} (0.5 \text{ oz}) \text{ for } 11 \text{ ms}, \text{ half sinewave, or field,}$ Test voltageMax field,	o +85°C (- 40 to +185 °F) o 95 %, non-condensing as per IEC 1131-2 o hPa (altitude ≤ 2000 m, 6562 ft) er IEC 61131-2
Temperature dataStorage, transport -40 t HumidityOperation, storage, transport $5\% \text{ t}$ Operation ≥ 79 as permittedStorage, transport ≥ 700 as permittedVibration resistance $5 \text{ Hz} \leq f \leq 8.4 \text{ Hz}$: $3.5 \text{ mm} (0.14 \text{ in}) \text{ ampl}$ $8.4 \text{ Hz} \leq f \leq 150 \text{ Hz}$: $1 \text{ g} (0.04 \text{ oz}) \text{ accele}$ Shock resistance $15 \text{ g} (0.5 \text{ oz}) \text{ for } 11 \text{ ms}$, half sinewave, or field,Test voltageMax field,	o +85°C (- 40 to +185 °F) o 95 %, non-condensing as per IEC 1131-2 o hPa (altitude ≤ 2000 m, 6562 ft) er IEC 61131-2
Storage, transport -40 t Humidity Operation, storage, transport $5\% \text{ t}$ Operation 2×79 as performed 2×70 as perf	o 95 %, non-condensing as per IEC 1131-2 5 hPa (altitude ≤ 2000 m, 6562 ft) er IEC 61131-2
Air pressure $ \begin{array}{c} & \geq 79. \\ & \text{as per} \\ \\ \text{Storage, transport} \\ \\ \text{Vibration resistance} \\ \\ \text{Shock resistance} \\ \\ \text{Shock resistance} \\ \\ \text{Test voltage} \\ \\ \\ \text{Shock resistance} \\ \\ \\ \text{Deration} \\ & \geq 79. \\ & \Rightarrow 70. \\ & \Rightarrow 5 \\ \\ \text{Storage, transport} \\ \\ \text{Shock resistance} \\ \\ \text{Shock resistance} \\ \\ \text{Test voltage} \\ \\ \text{Test voltage} \\ \\ \\ \text{Test voltage} \\ \\ \\ \text{Shock resistance} \\ \\ \text{Test voltage} \\ \\ T$	5 hPa (altitude ≤ 2000 m, 6562 ft) er IEC 61131-2
Air pressure	er IEC 61131-2
Storage, transport ≥ 700 as per Vibration resistance $5 \text{ Hz} \leq f \leq 8.4 \text{ Hz}$: 3.5 mm (0.14 in) ample 8.4 Hz $\leq f \leq 150 \text{ Hz}$: 1 g (0.04 oz) accelee Shock resistance $15 \text{ g} (0.5 \text{ oz}) \text{ for } 11 \text{ ms}$, half sinewave, of the storage $15 \text{ g} (0.5 \text{ oz}) \text{ for } 10 \text{ ms}$, half sinewave, of the storage $15 \text{ g} (0.5 \text{ oz}) \text{ for } 10 \text{ ms}$, half sinewave, of the storage $15 \text{ g} (0.5 \text{ oz}) \text{ for } 10 \text{ ms}$, half sinewave, or $15 \text{ g} (0.5 \text{ oz}) \text{ for } 10 \text{ ms}$, half sinewave, or $15 \text{ g} (0.5 \text{ oz}) \text{ for } 10 \text{ ms}$, half sinewave, or $15 \text{ g} (0.5 \text{ oz}) \text{ for } 10 \text{ ms}$, half sinewave, or $15 \text{ g} (0.5 \text{ oz}) \text{ for } 10 \text{ ms}$, half sinewave, or $15 \text{ g} (0.5 \text{ oz}) \text{ for } 10 \text{ ms}$, half sinewave, or $15 \text{ g} (0.5 \text{ oz}) \text{ for } 10 \text{ ms}$, half sinewave, or $15 \text{ g} (0.5 \text{ oz}) \text{ for } 10 \text{ ms}$.) hPa (altitude ≤ 3000 m 9843 ft)
Vibration resistance $8.4 \text{ Hz} \le f \le 150 \text{ Hz}$: 1 g (0.04 oz) acceleShock resistance $15 \text{ g } (0.5 \text{ oz) for } 11 \text{ ms, half sinewave, c}$ Test voltageMax field,	er IEC 61131-2
Test voltage Max field,	•
l est voltage field/	s per IEC 60068-2-27
	28.8 V within one channel 500 V DC system
Potential isolation Pollution severity level 2	
Overvoltage category II	
cULus Ordinary Locations UL 5	08, CSA C22.2 No. 0-M91
cIII us Hazardous Locations	2.12.01: 2007 C22.2 No. 213-M1987 (Reaffirmed 2008)
atmosphere Zone 2 EN 6	Directive 94/9/EC, EN 60079-0:2012 and 0079-15:2010
I EMI	1000 (partial standards as per the rements of IEC 61131-2)
PLC IEC 6	1171 0
FS DIN I	1131-2

5.2 Data Width of EP-19xx Modules

Data width of EP-19xx modules is dependent on the Network Adapter used.

Data Width

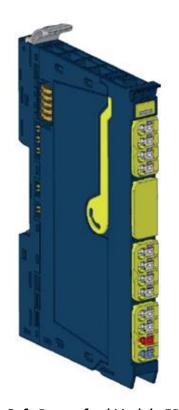
Module	Configuration Parameter Diagnostics Process Data				
	Bytes	Bytes	Bytes	Input Bytes	Output Bytes
EPXPBS001					•
EPXPBS001		8	47		
EP-1901	3		47	4	
EP-1922	3		47	4	
EP-1902	3		47	4	
max. Data (in Byte)	244	244	244	244	244
EPXPNS001					
EPXPNS001	4	10	47	4	4
EP-1901	4		47	5	1
EP-1922	4		47	5	1
EP-1902	4		47	5	1
max. Data (in Byte)	260	4362	1408	512	512
EPXETC001					
EPXETC001	256	4096	3328	1024	1024
EP-1901	4		47	4	
EP-1922	4		47	4	
EP-1902	4		47	4	
max. Data (in Byte)	1514 per telegram + CoE	1514 per telegram + CoE	1514 per telegram + CoE	1024	1024

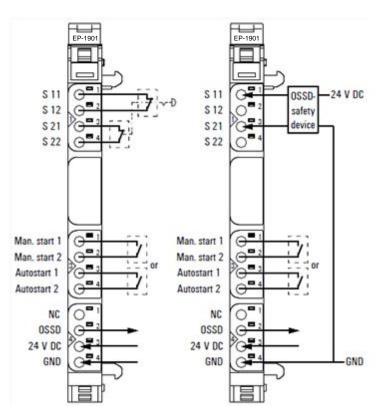
Data Width

Module	Process Data			
	Input Bytes	Output Bytes		
EPXMBE001/ EPXMBE101				
EP-1901	4			
EP-1922	4			
EP-1902	4			

The register structure for EPXMBE001/EPXMBE101 refer to the RSTi-EP User Manual (GFK-2958), the section Modbus® TCP Network Adapter EPXMBE001/EPXMBE101.

5.3 Digital Input Module EP-1901





Safe Power-feed Module EP-1901

Connection Diagram EP-1901

The power-feed module EP-1901 enables the safe feed-in for the output current path. The module ensures that an emergency stop circuit can be monitored, and using the OSSD output it can be forwarded to a PLC or also cascaded to a further RSTi-EP station. Almost all types of output modules will be safely switched-off (SIL3/Ple/Cat. 4) when they are placed within the safety segment (refer to the section, *General Contact Information*).

For restarting, either the manual or the auto input can be switched. In any case, the system must be reset by pressing the manual reset within 0.1 to 2 seconds after setting the supply voltage.

The evaluation of test pulses in the safety circuits provides the detection of faults or manipulations of the wiring. Therefore, every second a low pulse of 1 ms is being generated in each circuit, these pulses are phase-shifted.

The connections Safety Input 0 (S 11, S 21), Man Start 1 and Autostart 1 are digital inputs Type 3 according to EN 61131-2. The Man Start 1 input can also be controlled by a standard PLC output.

The auxiliary outputs S 12, S 22, Man Start 2 and Autostart 2 must only be used for refeeding the allocated inputs.

The maximum feed-in current in the output current path is 8 A. The module is sending a pulse (< 1 ms) every 100 ms.



Caution

Risk of material damage - In the case of a maximum power supply of 8 A and a maximum temperature of +60°C (+140 °F), all wired contacts on the fourth connector must be connected with 1.5 mm² (15 AWG) wiring.

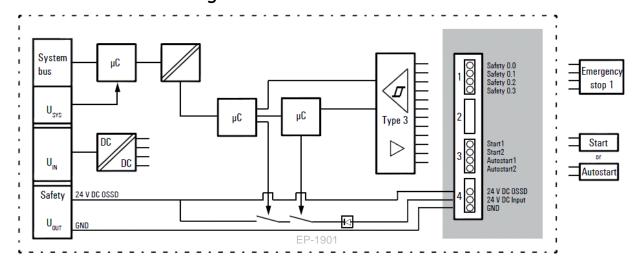
5.3.1 LEDs

LED Indicators EP-1901

EP-1901	Module Status	Green: Communication over the system bus
	1.1	Yellow: Safety circuit 0 OK
● =2	1.2	
0=	1.3	
	1.4	
	2.1	
	2.2	
	2.3	
	2.4	
	3.1	
• =	3.2	
•	3.3	
O =	3.4	
	4.1	
6 -2	4.2	Yellow: 24 V DC Safe output
	4.3	Green: Feed-in voltage in valid range
0=	4.4	

For error messages, refer to the Chapter, LED Indicators and Troubleshooting.

5.3.2 Connection Diagrams



Block Diagram EP-1901

5.3.3 Specifications EP-1901

Specifications

	•
System data	
Data	Process and diagnostic data depend on the network adapter used (refer to the table in the section, <i>Data Width of EP-19xx Modules</i>)
Interface	RSTi-EP System bus
System bus transfer rate	48 Mbps
Safety-related data per EN ISO 13849 (Regardi	ng the entire safety chain)
Achievable safety level	PLe and Category 4
DC (Diagnostic Coverage)	99%
MTTFd (Mean Time To Failure dangerous)	> 100 years
Safety-related data per EN 62061 (Regard the	entire safety chain)
Achievable safety level	SILCL3
PFH (Probability of Failure per Hour in 1/h)	6.27 × 10 ⁻⁹
Fault reaction time	10 s
Safety-related data per EN 61508 (Regard the	entire safety chain)
Achievable safety level	SIL3
PFH (Probability of Failure per Hour in 1/h)	6.27 × 10 ⁻⁹
HFT (Hardware Fault Tolerance)	1
SSF (Safe Failure Fraction)	98.58%
Presumed lifecycle time	20 years
Prooftest interval	No prooftest needed within the life cycle
Classification acc. To EN 61508-2:2010	Туре В
Inputs	
Safety inputs	1 x 2 channel
Input type	Type 3 as per IEC 61131-2
Inputs for start function	2 (manual start and autostart)
Input type	Type 3 as per IEC 61131-2
Outputs	
Safety output (OSSD)	1
Output current	8 A (not for capacitive load)
Overload protection	excess temperature proof and overload-proof, short circuit proof with external fuse
Turn-off time	< 20 ms
Turn-on time	<2s
Auxiliary outputs	2×2
Output current	max. 10 A (only to support the inputs dedicated inputs)

Diagnosis			
Module diagnosis	Yes		
Individual channel diagnosis	Yes		
Supply			
Supply voltage	24 V dc +20%/-15% via system bus		
External pre-fusing	mandatory: super fast, max. 8 A		
Reverse battery protection	Yes		
Current consumption (I_{IN} in the power segment of the Network Adapter), typ.	8 mA		
Current consumption (IIN in the respective power segment)	45 mA		
General data			
Weight	80 g (2.82 oz)		
For additional general data, refer to the section, General Contact Information.			

Process Data[†]

Byte	Bit	Description	Status
	0	Safety input 0	0 - input inactive, 1 - input active
	1	Reserved	
	2	Auto Start	0 - inactive, 1 - active
0	3	Man Start	0 - inactive, 1 - active
	4	Safety input 0 / channel 1	0 - inactive, 1 - active
	5	Safety input 0 / channel 2	0 - inactive, 1 - active
	6	Reserved	
	7	Reserved	
	0	24 V Safet Output	0 - inactive, 1 - active
1	1	Reserved	
1	2	24 V DC	0 - no feed in, 1 - power feed-in pending
	3-7	Reserved	
2	0-7	Reserved	
3	0-7	Reserved	
†Standard data fo	ormat		

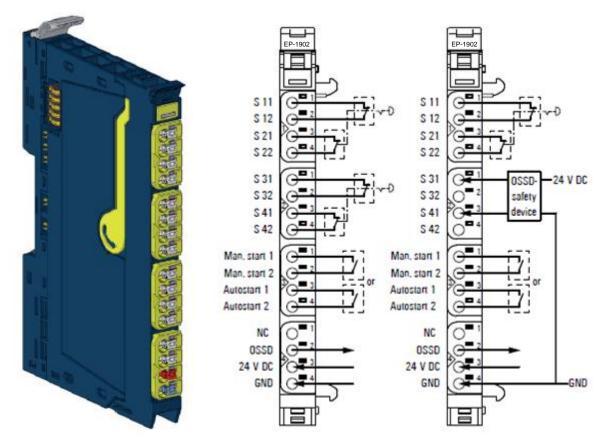
Diagnostic Data

Name	Bytes	Bit	Description	Default
		0	Module error	
		1	Internal error	
		2	External error	
Canan in diantan		3	Channel error	
Error indicator	0	4	Reserved	0
		5	Power supply fault	
		6	Reserved	0
		7	0	
		0		
		1	Modulo Tupo	0,407
		2	Module Type	0x03
Madula tupa	1	3		
Module type	1	4	Channel information available	1
		5	Reserved	0
		6	Reserved	0
		7	Reserved	0
Error byte 2	2	0-7	Failure Code	
		0	Temperature Error	
		1	Internal Error	
		2	Fuse Error	
Error byte 3	3	3	Reserved	0
Error byte 3	3	4	Communication fault	
		5	Reserved	0
		6	Reserved	0
		7	Reserved	0
Channel type	4	0-6	Channel type	0x78
Charmer type	4	7	Reserved	0
Diagnostic bits per channel	5		Number of diagnostic bits per channel	4
Number of channels	6		Number of similar channels per module	9
		0	Error at channel 0	
	7	1	Error at channel 1	
Channel error		2	Error at channel 2	
		3	Error at channel 3	
		4	Error at channel 4	

Name	Bytes	Bit	Description	Default
		0	Temperature Error	
		1	Internal Error	
		2	Fuse Error	
Constitute 7	7	3	Reserved	0
Error byte 3	3	4	Communication fault	
		5	Reserved	0
		6	Reserved	0
		7	Reserved	0
Channeltune	4	0-6	Channel type	0×78
Channel type	4	7	Reserved	0
Diagnostic bits per channel	5		Number of diagnostic bits per channel	4
Number of channels	6		Number of similar channels per module	9
		0	Error at channel 0	
		1	Error at channel 1	
		2	Error at channel 2	
Channel error	7	3	Error at channel 3	
Chamereno	,	4	Error at channel 4	
		5	Error at channel 5	
		6	Error at channel 6	
		7	Error at channel 7	
Channel error	0	8	Error at channel 8	
Channel error	8	9-15	Reserved	0
Channel error	9	16-23	Reserved	0
Channel error	10	24-31	Reserved	0
		0	Input Discrepancy Error	
Cafaty	11	1	Input Pulse Error	
Safety 0	11	2	Input Test Error	
		3-7	Reserved	0
Error at channel 1	12	0-7	Reserved	0
Autostart	13	0-7	Reserved	0
Start Key	14	0-7	Reserved	0
Cafaty 0 Value	1.5	0	Input Discrepancy Error	
Safety 0 Value	15	1-7	Reserved	0
Error at channel 5	16	0-7	Reserved	0
SS1 Output	17	0-7	Reserved	0

Name	Bytes	Bit	Description	Default
		0	OSSD switch test failure	0
		1	OSSD voltage too high	
OSSD Output	18	2	OSSD voltage too low	
		3	OSSD overload	
		4-7	Reserved	0
Error at channel 9				
to	20-42	0-7	Reserved	0
Error at channel 31				
Time stamp	43-46		Time stamp [µs] (32 bit)	

5.4 Digital Input Module EP-1902



Safe Power-feed Module EP-1902

Connection Diagram EP-1902

The power-feed module EP-1902 enables the safe feed-in for the output current path. The module ensures that two emergency stop circuits can be monitored, and using the OSSD output they can be forwarded to a PLC or also cascaded to a further RSTi-EP station. Almost all types of output modules will be safely switched-off (SIL3/Ple/Cat. 4) when they are placed within the safety segment (refer to the section, *General Contact Information*).

For restarting, either the manual or the auto input can be switched. In any case, the system must be reset by pressing the manual reset within 0.1 to 2 seconds after setting the supply voltage.

The evaluation of test pulses in the safety circuits provides the detection of faults or manipulations of the wiring. Therefore, every second a low pulse of 1 ms is being generated in each circuit, these ulses are phase-shifted.

The connections Safety Input 0 (S 11, S 21), Safety Input 1 (S 31, S 41), Man Start 1 and Autostart 1 are digital inputs Type 3 according to EN 61131-2. The Man Start 1 input can also be controlled by a tandard PLC output.

The auxiliary outputs S 12, S 22, S 32, S 42, Man Start 2 and Autostart 2 must only be used for refeeding the allocated inputs.

The maximum feed-in current in the output current path is 8 A. The module is sending a pulse (< 1 ms) every 100 ms.



Caution

Risk of material damage - In the case of a maximum power supply of 8 A and a maximum temperature of +140 °F (+60°C), all wired contacts on the fourth connector must be connected with 1.5 mm 2 wiring.

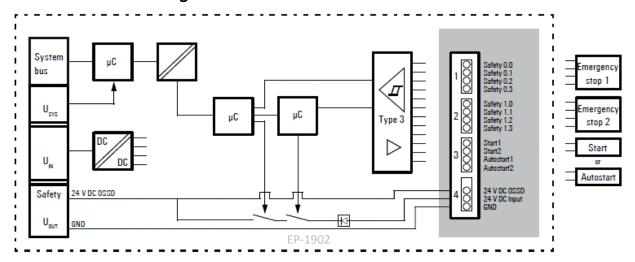
5.4.1 LEDs

LED Indicators EP-1902

E2-1502	Module Status	Green: Communication over the system bus
	1.1	Yellow: Safety circuit 0 OK
0=2	1.2	
	1.3	
	1.4	
	2.1	Yellow: Safety circuit 1 OK
0 =2	2.2	
	2.3	
0=	2.4	
	3.1	
0 =2	3.2	
0=	3.3	
O =	3.4	
	4.1	
© =2	4.2	Yellow: 24 V Safe output active
	4.3	Green: Feed-in voltage in valid range
	4.4	

For error messages, refer to the Chapter, LED Indicators and Troubleshooting.

5.4.2 Connection Diagrams



Block Diagram EP-1902

5.4.3 Specifications EP-1902

Technical Data

System data		
Data	Process and diagnostic data depend on the network adapter used (refer to the table in the section, <i>Data Width of EP-19xx Modules</i>)	
Interface	RSTi-EP I/O communication bus	
System bus transfer rate	48 Mbps	
Safety-related data per EN ISO 13849 (Regard	the entire safety chain)	
Achievable safety level	PLe and Category 4	
DC (Diagnostic Coverage)	99%	
MTTFd (Mean Time To Failure dangerous)	> 100 years	
Safety-related data per EN 62061 (Regard the	entire safety chain)	
Achievable safety level	SILCL3	
PFH (Probability of Failure in 1/h)	6.27 × 10 ⁻⁹	
Fault reaction time	10 s	
Safety-related data per EN 61508 (Regard the entire safety chain)		
Achievable safety level	SIL3	
PFH (Probability of Failure in 1/h)	6.27 × 10 ⁻⁹	
HFT (Hardware Fault Tolerance)	1	
SSF (Safe Failure Fraction)	98.58%	
Presumed lifecycle time	20 years	
Prooftest interval	No prooftest needed within the lifecycle	
Classification acc. To EN 61508-2:2010	Туре В	

Inputs	
Safety inputs	2 x 2 channel
Input type	Type 3 as per IEC 61131-2
Inputs for start function	2 (manual start and autostart)
Input type	Type 3 as per IEC 61131-2
Outputs	
Safety output (OSSD)	1
Output current	8 A (not for capacitive load)
Overload protection	excess temperature proof and overload-proof, short circuit proof with external fuse
Turn-off time	20 ms
Turn-on time	<2s
Auxiliary outputs	3×2
Output current	max. 10 A (only to support the inputs dedicated inputs)
Diagnosis	
Module diagnosis	Yes
Individual channel diagnosis	Yes
Supply	
Supply voltage	24 V dc +20%/-15% via system bus
External pre-fusing	mandatory: super fast, max. 8 A
Reverse battery protection	Yes
Current consumption (I_{IN} in the power segment of the Network Adapter), typ.	8 mA
Current consumption (IIN in the respective power segment)	45 mA
General data	
Weight	82 g (2.89 oz)
For additional general data, refer to the section, Ger	neral Contact Information.

Process Data[†]

Byte	Bit	Description	Status	
	0	Safety input 0	0 - inactive, 1 - active	
	1	Safety input 1	0 - inactive, 1 - active	
	2	Auto Start	0 - inactive, 1 - active	
0	3	Man Start	0 - inactive, 1 - active	
	4	Safety input 0 / channel 1	0 - inactive, 1 - active	
	5	Safety input 0 / channel 2	0 - inactive, 1 - active	
	6	Safety input 1 / channel 1	0 - inactive, 1 - active	
	7	Safety input 1 / channel 2	0 - inactive, 1 - active	
	0	24 V Safe Output	0 - inactive, 1 - active	
1	1	Reserved		
1	2	24 V DC	0 - no power feed, 1 - power feed-in pending	
	3-7	Reserved		
2	0-7	Reserved		
3	0-7	Reserved		
†Standard data fo	ormat	<u> </u>		

Diagnostic Data

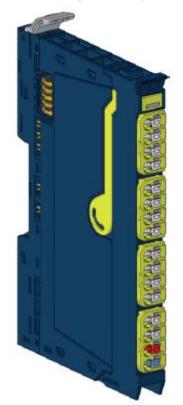
Name	Bytes	Bit	Description	Default
	0	0	Module error	
		1	Internal error	
		2	External error	
Error indicator		3	Channel error	
Error indicator		4	Reserved	0
		5	Power supply fault	
		6	Reserved	0
		7	Parameter error	0
	1	0	Madula Tupa	
		1		0×03
		2	Module Type	0x03
Madula tupa		3		
Module type		4	Channel information available	1
		5	Reserved	0
		6	Reserved	0
		7	Reserved	0
Error byte 2	2	0	Failure Code	

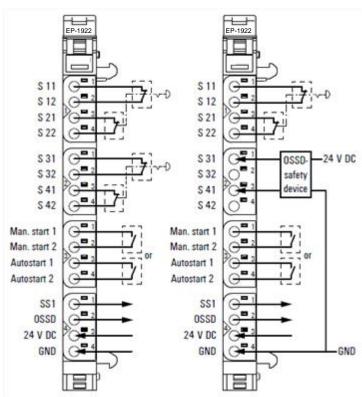
Bytes	Description	Default
-------	-------------	---------

		0	Temperature Error	
		1	Internal Error (self-test, LDO, etc)	
		2	Reserved	0
		3	Internal diagnostic FIFO full	0
Error byte 3	3	4	Power supply fault	
		5	Reserved	0
		6	Process alarm lost	0
		7	Reserved	0
		0-6	Channel type	0×78
Channel type	4	7	Reserved	0
Diagnostic bits per channel	5		Number of diagnostic bits per channel	4
Number of channels	6		Number of similar channels per module	9
		0	Error at channel 0	
		1	Error at channel 1	
		2	Error at channel 2	
Channel error	7	3	Error at channel 3	
Chamilerenoi	,	4	Error at channel 4	
		5	Error at channel 5	
		6	Error at channel 6	
		7	Error at channel 7	
Channel error	8	8	Error at channel 8	
Chamereno		9-15	Reserved	0
Channel error	9	16-23	Reserved	0
Channel error	10	24-31	Reserved	0
	11	0	Input Discrepancy Error	
Safety 0		1	Input Pulse Error	
Salety 0		2	Input Test Error	
		3-7	Reserved	0
	12	0	Input Discrepancy Error	
Safety 1		1	Input Pulse Error	
Salety 1		2	Input Test Error	
		3-7	Reserved	0
Autostart	13	0-7	Reserved	0
Start Key	14	0-7	Reserved	0
0.51.011.1	15	0	Input Discrepancy Error	
Safety 0 Value		1-7	Reserved	0

Name	Bytes	Bit	Description	Default
Safety 1 Value	16	0	Input Discrepancy Error	
		1-7	Reserved	0
SS1 Output	17	0-7	Reserved	0
	18	0	OSSD switch test failure	0
		1	OSSD voltage too high	
OSSD Output		2	OSSD voltage too low	
		3	OSSD overload	
		4-7	Reserved	0
Error at channel 9				
to	20-42	0-7	Reserved	0
Error at channel 31				
Time stamp	43-46		Time stamp [µs] (32 bit)	

5.5 Digital Input Module EP-1922





Safe Power-feed Module EP-1922

Connection Diagram EP-1922

The power-feed module EP-1922 enables the safe feed-in for the output current path. The module ensures that two emergency stop circuits can be monitored, and using the OSSD output they can be forwarded to a PLC or also cascaded to a further RSTi-EP station. The switch-off delay can be set using DIP switches. The undelayed status is displayed with the SS1 output. Almost all types of output modules will be safely switched-off (SIL3/Ple/Cat. 4) when they are placed within the safety segment (refer to the section, *General Contact Information*).

For restarting, either the manual or the auto input can be switched. In any case, the system must be reset by pressing the manual reset within 0.1 to 2 s after setting the supply voltage.

The evaluation of test pulses in the safety circuits provides the detection of faults or manipulations of the wiring. Therefore, every second a low pulse of 1 ms is being generated in each circuit, these pulses are phase-shifted. The evaluation of the test pulses can be activated or deactivated by setting DIP-switches.

The connections Safety Input 0 (S 11, S 21), Safety Input 1 (S 31, S 41), Man Start 1 and Autostart 1 are digital inputs Type 3 according to EN 61131-2. The Man Start 1 input can also be controlled by a standard PLC output.

Safety sensors with OSSD outputs or standard PLC outputs can be connected if the safety inputs are used in mode "no test pulses". In this case another safety review is obligatory. The auxiliary outputs S 12, S 22, S 32, S 42, Man Start 2 and Autostart 2 must only be used for refeeding the allocated inputs.

In the case that several EP-19xx modules are used in cascades please regard that the triggering of a EP-19xx module will switch off the power supply of all subsequent power-feed modules. A delay of these modules is no longer effective.

The maximum feed-in current in the output current path is 8 A. The module is sending a pulse (< 1 ms) every 100 ms.



Caution

Risk of material damage - In the case of a maximum power supply of 8 A and a maximum temperature of +140 °F (+60 °C), all wired contacts on the fourth connector must be connected with 1.5 mm² wiring.

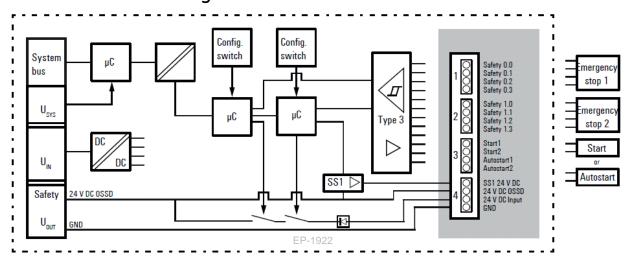
5.5.1 LEDs

LED Indicators EP-1922

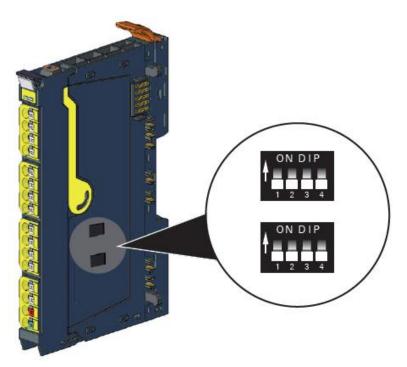
EP-1922	Module Status	Green: Communication over the system bus
	1.1	Yellow: Safety circuit 0 OK
0=	1.2	
0	1.3	
	1.4	
	2.1	Yellow: Safety circuit 1 OK
0=	2.2	
	2.3	
O =-	2.4	
	3.1	
0=	3.2	
	3.3	
	3.4	
	4.1	Yellow: SS1 output active
0 ==	4.2	Yellow: 24 V Safe output active
	4.3	Green: Feed-in voltage in valid range
	4.4	

For error Messages, refer to the Chapter, LED Indicators and Troubleshooting.

5.5.2 Connection Diagrams



Block Diagram EP-1922



DIP Switch on the EP-1922

Setting Options for the DIP Switch

Inpu	Input Delay		ау	Function	
1	2	3	4		
	X	X	X	Safety input 0 evaluating own test pulses	
	X	X	X	Safety input 0 no test pulses	
X		X	X	Safety input 1 evaluating own test pulses	
X		X	X	Safety input 1 no test pulses	
X	X			24 V Safe: no delay	
X	X			24 V Safe: delay 1 second	
X	X			24 V Safe: delay 30 seconds	
X	X			24 V Safe: delay 60 seconds	



Caution

To ensure the safety functions, regard the following instructions for adjustment:

 DIP switches of equal numbers must have identical positions in both rows.



- If an external device generating pulses is connected ot a safey input of the EP-1922 module, this input must be operatined in mode "no test pulses" (DIP switch setting ON).
- When operating in mode "no test pulses":
 - Test pulses of the external device must be shorter than 2 ms, otherwise the safe output will be deactivated.
 - Safe laying of cables can be necessary depending on the required safety level.

Note: Use something such as a ball-point pen to set the DIP switches and avoid spiked or sharpedged tools.

5.5.3 Specifications EP-1922

5.5.5 Specifications Er-1928	_
System data	
Data	Process and diagnostic data depend on the network adapter used (refer to the table in the section, <i>Data Width of EP-19xx Modules</i>)
Interface	RSTi-EP system bus
System bus transfer rate	48 Mbps
Safety-related data per EN ISO 13849 (Regard	the entire safety chain)
Achievable safety level	PLe and Cat. 4
DC (Diagnostic Coverage)	99%
MTTFd (Mean Time To Failure dangerous)	> 100 years
Safety-related data per EN 62061 (Regard the	entire safety chain)
Achievable safety level	SILCL3
PFH (Probability of Failure in 1/h)	6.27 x 10 ⁻⁹
Fault reaction time	10 s
Safety-related data per EN 61508 (Regard the	entire safety chain)
Achievable safety level	SIL3
PFH (Probability of Failure per Hour)	6.27 × 10 ⁻⁹
HFT (Hardware Fault Tolerance)	1
SSF (Safe Failure Fraction)	98.58%
Presumed lifecycle time	20 years
Prooftest interval	No prooftest needed within the life cycle
Classification acc. To EN 61508-2:2010	Туре В
Inputs	
Safety inputs	2 x 2 channel
Input type	Type 3 as per IEC 61131-2
Inputs for start function	2 (manual start and auto start)
Input type	Type 3 as per IEC 61131-2
Outputs	
Safety output (OSSD)	1
Output current	8 A (not for capacitive load)
Overload protection	excess temperature proof and overload-proof, short circuit proof with external fuse
Turn-off time	20 ms
Turn-on time	<2s
Output SS1	1
Output current	0.5 A, overload behaviour as per IEC 61131-2
Overload protection	excess temperature proof and overload-proof, short circuit proof with external fuse
Auxiliary outputs	3×2
Output current	max. 10 A (only to support the inputs dedicated inputs)

Diagnosis				
Module diagnosis	Yes			
Individual channel diagnosis	Yes			
Supply				
Supply voltage	20.4V – 28.8V			
External pre-fusing	mandatory: super fast, max. 8 A			
Reverse battery protection	Yes			
Current consumption from system current path Isys	8 mA			
Current consumption from input current path I_{IN}	45 mA			
General data				
Weight 84 g (2.96 oz)				
For additional general data, refer to the section, General Contact Information.				

$\textit{Process Data}^{\dagger}$

Byte	Bit	Description	Status
	0	Safety input 0	0 - inactive, 1 - active
	1	Safety input 1	0 - inactive, 1 - active
	2	Auto Start	0 - inactive, 1 - active
0	3	Man Start	0 - inactive, 1 - active
	4	Safety input 0 / channel 1	0 - inactive, 1 - active
	5	Safety input 0 / channel 2	0 - inactive, 1 - active
	6	Safety input 1 / channel 1	0 - inactive, 1 - active
	7	Safety input 1 / channel 2	0 - inactive, 1 - active
	0	24 V Safe Output	0 - inactive, 1 - active
1	1	SS1 Output	0 - inactive, 1 - active
1	2	24 V DC	0 - no feed-in, 1 - power feed-in pending
	3-7	Reserved	
2	0-7	Reserved	
	0	DIP-Switch Config	Safety Input 0 - Pulse,1 - No Pulse
	1	DIP-Switch Config	Safety Input 0 - Pulse,1 - No Pulse
3	2	DIP-Switch Config	24 V Safe Outut 00 - No delay, 01 - Delay 1s, 10 - Delay 30s, 11 - Delay 60s
	3	DIP-Switch Config	24 V Safe Outut 00 - No delay, 01 - Delay 1s, 10 - Delay 30s, 11 - Delay 60s
	4-7	Reserved	
†Standard data fo	ormat	•	

Diagnostic Data EP-1922

Name	Bytes	Bit	gnostic Data EP-1922 Description	Default
		0	Module error	
		1	Internal error	
		2	External error	
		3	Channel error	
Error indicator	0	4	Reserved	0
		5	Power supply fault	
		6	Reserved	0
		7	Parameter error	0
		0		
		1	Madula Tura	007
		2	Module Type	0×03
Madulatura	1	3		
Module type	1	4	Channel information available	1
		5	Reserved	0
		6	Reserved	0
		7	Reserved	0
Error byte 2	2	0	Failure Code	0
		0	Temperature Error	
		1	Internal Error	
		2	Fuse Error	0
Error buto 7	3	3	Reserved	0
Error byte 3	3	4	Communication fault	
		5	Reserved	0
		6	Reserved	0
		7	Reserved	0
Channeltune	4	0-6	Channel type	0×78
Channel type	4	7	Reserved	0
Diagnostic bits per channel	5		Number of diagnostic bits per channel	4
Number of channels	6		Number of similar channels per module	11
		0	Error at channel 0	
		1	Error at channel 1	
Channel error		2	Error at channel 2	
Charmer error	7	3	Error at channel 3	
		4	Error at channel 4	
		5	Error at channel 5	

6	Error at channel 6	
7	Error at channel 7	

Diagnostic Data

Name	Bytes	Bit	Description	Default
		8	Error at channel 8	
		9	Error at channel 9	
Channel error	8	10	Error at channel 10	
		11-15	Reserved	0
Channel error	9	16-23	Reserved	0
Channel error	10	24-31	Reserved	0
		0	Input Discrepancy Error	
Cafaba	11	1	Input Pulse Error	
Safety 0	11	2	Input Test Error	
		3-7	Reserved	0
		0	Input Discrepancy Error	
Safety 1	12	1	Input Pulse Error	
Salety 1	12	2	Input Test Error	
		3-7	Reserved	0
Autostart	13	0-7	Reserved	0
Start Key	14	0-7	Reserved	0
0.5.	1.5	0	Input Discrepancy Error	
Safety 0 Value	15	1-7	Reserved	0
C (1 1 1 1 1	16	0	Input Discrepancy Error	
Safety 1 Value	10	1-7	Reserved	0
SS1 Output	17	0-7	Reserved	0
		0	OSSD switch test failure	0
		1	OSSD voltage too high	
OSSD Output	18	2	OSSD voltage too low	
		3	OSSD overload	
		4-7	Reserved	0
Error at channel 9	20	0-7	Reserved	0
From at abannol 10	21	0	DIP switch configuration	0
Error at channel 10	21	1-7	Reserved	0
Config Switch	22	0	Reserved	0
Config Switch	22 1-		Reserved	0
Error at channel 12 to Error at channel 31	23-42	0-7	Reserved 0	
Time stamp	43-46		Time stamp [µs] (32 bit)	

Chapter 6 Installation

Warning



Explosion risk - During assembly work, sparks can form and surfaces may become excessively hot.

- Before assembly, make sure that there is not a potentially explosive atmosphere.
- For applications in potentially explosive atmospheres, observe the installation and construction requirements of EN 60079- 15 and/or countryspecific regulations.

Warning



Dangerous contact voltage:

- Carry out assembly and wiring work on the RSTi-EP station only when the power supply is disconnected.
- Make sure that the place of installation (switch cabinet etc.) has been disconnected from the power supply.

Caution



The product can be destroyed by electrostatic discharge.

The components in the RSTi-EP series can be destroyed by electrostatic discharge.

• Ensure that personnel and work equipment are adequately grounded.

Carry out all work during the installation/removal and replacement of components as described in the RSTi-EP User Manual (GFK-2958) manual.

When using EP-19xx modules, observe the following additional notes:

- EP-19xx modules may only be installed in switch cabinets which meet protection class IP 54.
- Use wire-end ferrules in combination with flexible/multi-conductor cables.
- Ensure that external short circuits due to the cabling cannot occur for safety inputs in the configuration without test pulses (refer to DIN EN ISO 13849-2 Table D.4).

Note: Once an electronic unit is removed from a power-feed module, the inputs and outputs of the following modules are no longer supplied with power. With EP-19xx modules, this is equivalent to triggering the connected safety equipment.

Chapter 7 Example Applications

7.1 Dual-channel Emergency Stop Monitoring

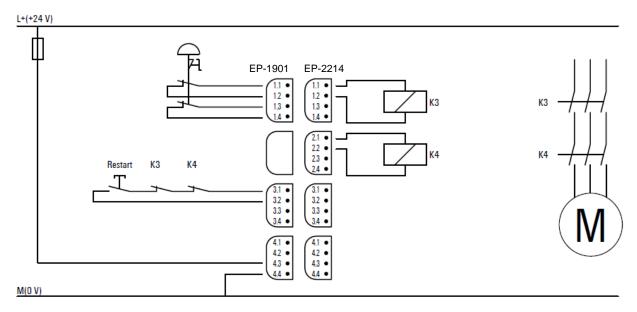
Achievable safety rating	Cat. 4	DIN EN ISO 13849-1	
	PLe	DIN EN ISO 13849-1	
	SIL3	IEC 62061/61508	
Stop category	0	EN 60204-1	
Features	Dual-channel monitoring		
	Cross-connection detection		
	Manual reset		
	Monitoring of external contactors (EDM)		
Safety sensor/operating mechanism	Emergency stop button		
Notes		t is possible if the NC circuits from 44 are attached to 3.3 and 3.4.	

Note: All example applications shown are proposals without warranty. In any case the operator has to perform a safety review of the entire site.

When the emergency stop button is pushed, the EP-19xx switches off the 24-V supply for the modules (refer to the section, *General Contact Information*) within the safety segment and thus also contactors K3 and K4. The failure of a switching element in the emergency stop button or a crosscircuit in its supply lines does not result in the failure of the emergency stop mechanism and is detected within the fault-reaction time.

The EP-19xx switches on the 24-V supply for the modules within the safety segment if:

- the emergency button is unlocked
- and the feedback circuit (NC contacts of K3 and K4) is closed
- and the start push button has been pushed and released again.



Example Application for Dual-channel Emergency Stop Monitoring

7.2 Dual-channel Light Curtain Monitoring (AOPD type 4) and Emergency Stop Monitoring

Achievable safety rating	Cat. 4	DIN EN ISO 13849-1
, ,	PLe	DIN EN ISO 13849-1
	SIL3	IEC 62061/61508
Stop category	0	EN 60204-1
Features	• Dual-	channel monitoring
	• Cross	s-connection detection
	• Monit	toring of external contactors (EDM)
	• Self-t	est of the OSSD in the AOPD
Safety sensor/operating	Emergency stop button	
mechanism) type 4 (2 semiconductor outputs, itched)
Notes		t is possible if the NC circuits from 44 are attached to 3.3 and 3.4.

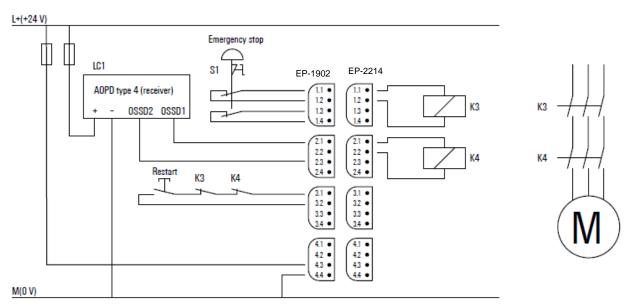
Note: All example applications shown are proposals without warranty. In any case the operator has to perform a safety review of the entire site.

When the emergency stop button is pushed or the active optoelectronic protective device (AOPD) reacts, the EP-19xx switches off the 24-V supply for the modules (switchable modules refer to the section, *General Contact Information*) within the safety segment and thus also for contactors K3 and K4. The failure of a switching element in the emergency stop button or the AOPD as well as a cross-circuit in their supply lines does not result in the failure of the corresponding safety device and is detected within the fault-reaction time. For this purpose, the AOPD must generate a test pulse on its safety outputs at least once per second.

When using a EP-1922: If the DIP switch which is assigned to the corresponding safety circuit is switched on (in the example DIP switch 2 for LC1) so that an AOPD can be connected without test pulses, it might be necessary to have a shielded cable installation and cross-circuit fault detection via the AOPD, depending on the required safety level.

The EP-19xx switches on the 24-V supply for the modules within the safety segment if:

- Emergency button is unlocked
- Active optoelectronic protective device (AOPD) is free
- Feedback circuit (NC contacts of K3 and K4) is closed
- Start push button has been pushed and released again



Example Application for Dual-channel Light Curtain Monitoring (AOPD type 4) and Emergency Stop Monitoring

7.3 Dual-channel Emergency Stop and Cable-pull Switch Monitoring

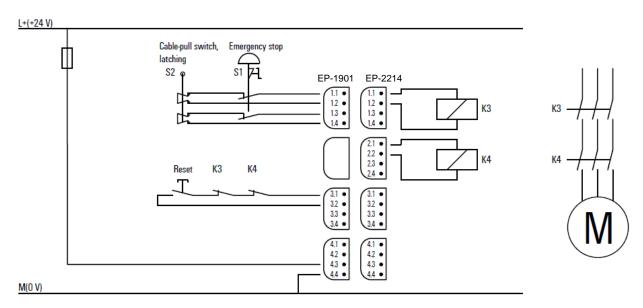
Achievable safety rating	Cat. 4	DIN EN ISO 13849-1	
	PLe	DIN EN ISO 13849-1	
	SIL3	IEC 62061/61508	
Stop category	0	EN 60204-1	
Features	• Dual-d	channel monitoring	
	Cross-connection detection		
	• Start b	outon	
	• Monito	oring of external contactors (EDM)	
Safety sensor/operating	• Emerg	gency stop button	
mechanism	Cable-pull switch, latching		
Notes	• Manua	al reset	
		tart is possible if the NC circuits from d K4 are attached to 3.3 and 3.4.	

Note: All example applications shown are proposals without warranty. In any case the operator has to perform a safety review of the entire site.

When the emergency stop button is pushed or the cable-pull switch is activated, the EP-19xx switches off the 24 V supply for the modules (switchable modules refer to the section, *General Contact Information*) within the safety segment and thus also contactors K3 and K4. The failure of a switching element in the emergency stop button or the cable-pull switch as well as a cross-circuit in their supply lines does not result in the failure of the emergency stop mechanism and is detected within the fault-reaction time.

The EP-19xx module switches on the 24-V supply for the modules within the safety segment if:

- Emergency button is unlocked
- Cable-pull switch is unlocked
- Feedback circuit (NC contacts of K3 and K4) is closed
- Start push button has been pushed and released again



Example Application for Dual-channel Emergency Stop and Cable-pull Switch Monitoring

7.4 Dual-channel Safety Door Monitoring with Automatic Reset and Emergency Stop

Achievable safety rating	Cat. 4	DIN EN ISO 13849-1	
	PLe	DIN EN ISO 13849-1	
	SIL3	IEC 62061/61508	
Stop category	0	EN 60204-1	
Features	Dual-channel monitoring		
	• Cross	s-connection detection	
	Autor	matic reset	
	Monit	toring of external contactors (EDM)	
Safety sensor/operating	Emergency stop button		
mechanism	Position switch		
Notes	The application must be compatible with the automatic start-up function.		

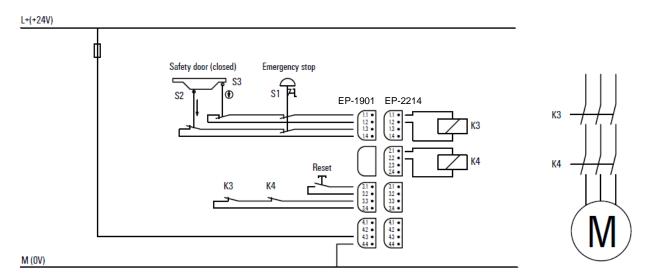
Note: All example applications shown are proposals without warranty. In any case the operator has to perform a safety review of the entire site.

When the emergency stop button is pushed or the safety door is opened, the EP-19xx switches off the 24-V supply for the modules (switchable modules refer to the section, *General Contact Information*) within the safety segment and thus also contactors K3 and K4. The failure of a switching element in the emergency stop button or the safety door contacts as well as a cross-circuit in their supply lines does not result in the failure of the emergency stop mechanism and is detected within the fault-reaction time.

The EP-19xx switches on the 24-V supply for the following modules* within the safety segment if:

- Emergency button is unlocked
- Safety door is closed
- Feedback circuit (NC contacts of K3 and K4) is closed

Contactors K3 and K4 are controlled by the PLC and can switch on as soon as the EP-19xx module has switched on the 24-V supply. To reset the system, press the reset button within 0.1 to 2 sec after switching on the power supply, even when automatic reset is used.



Example Application for Dual-channel Safety Door Monitoring with Automatic Reset and Emergency Stop

7.5 Safety Mat

Achievable safety rating	Cat. 4	DIN EN ISO 13849-1
	PLe	DIN EN ISO 13849-1
	SIL3	IEC 62061/61508
Stop category	0	EN 60204-1
Features	Single	e-channel monitoring
	Cross-connection detection	
	Wire break detection	
	Monitoring of external contactors (EDM)	
Safety sensor/operating mechanism	Safety mat	
Notes	Manual reset	
	• Observe EN 1760-1 and EN ISO 13856-1	
	press press	same interface is also possible for sure-sensitive buffers and sure-sensitive strips; however k the safety ratings during use
	LD/F	Veidmüller RCIKIT(Z) 24 V DC 2CO G (connect the coil connection at P-1922 to 4.1 instead of to 4.2)

Note: All example applications shown are proposals without warranty. In any case the operator has to perform a safety review of the entire site.

When the safety mat is stepped on, the EP-19xx switches off the 24-V supply for the modules (switchable modules refer to the section, *General Contact Information*) within the safety segment and thus also contactors K3 and K4. An interruption or a cross-connection in the supply lines for the safety mat do not result in the failure of the safety function and is detected within before the next starting cycle.

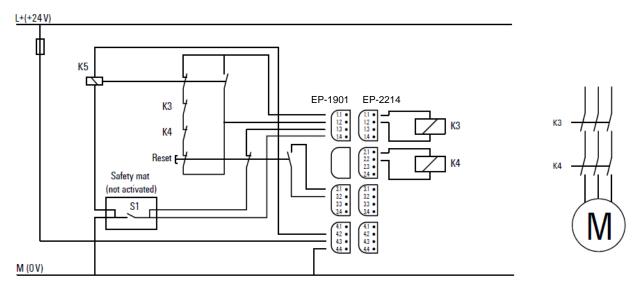
As an alternative to both NC contacts for the reset switch, an NO contact can be used there. One of its contacts is set at M (0 V) and the other contact is wired through a diode to connection 1.1 and through a diode to connection 1.3 (both cathodes to the switch).

The EP-19xx switches on the 24-V supply for modules within the safety segment if:

- Safety mat has not been actuated
- Feedback circuit (NC contacts of K3 and K4) is closed
- Start push button has been pushed and released again.

Contactors K3 and K4 are controlled by the PLC and can switch on as soon as the EP-19xx has switched on the 24-V supply. To reset the system, press the reset button within 0.1 to 2 sec after switching on the power supply, even when automatic reset is used.

Combined with a safety mat EP-19xx modules attain safety rating Cat. 3 only.



Example Application for Safety Mat

7.6 Dual-channel Two-hand Monitoring with Automatic Start

Achievable safety rating	Cat. 4	DIN EN ISO 13849-1
	PLe	DIN EN ISO 13849-1
	SIL3	IEC 62061/61508
Stop category	0	EN 60204-1
Features	Dual-channel monitoring	
	Cross-connection detection	
	Automatic reset	
	Monitoring of external contactors (EDM)	
Safety sensor/operating mechanism	Two-hand switch	
Notes	The application must be compatible with the automatic start-up function.	

Note: All example applications shown are proposals without warranty. In any case the operator has to perform a safety review of the entire site.

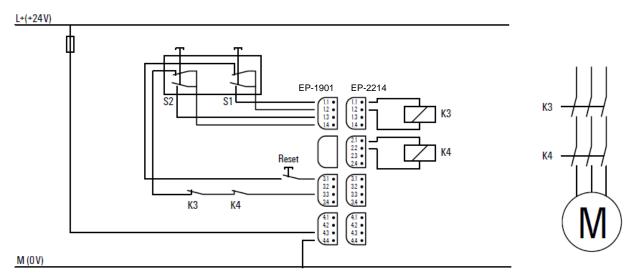
If one or both switches of the 2-hand switch are released, the EP-19xx switches off the 24-V supply for the modules (switchable modules refer to the section, *General Contact Information*) inside the safety segment and thus also for contactors K3 and K4. The failure of a switching element in the two-hand switch or a cross-circuit in its supply lines does not result in the failure of the emergency stop mechanism and is

detected within the fault-reaction time. An interruption of the NC contact by S2 is detected before the next switching cycle and by S1 when the power is switched on.

The EP-19xx module switches on the 24-V supply for the following modules within the safety segment if:

- Two-hand switch is pressed synchronously within 0,5 seconds
- Feedback circuit (NC contacts of K3 and K4) is closed

Contactors K3 and K4 are controlled by the PLC and can switch on as soon as the EP-19xx has switched on the 24-V supply. To reset the system, press the reset button within 0.1 to 2 sec after switching on the power supply, even when automatic reset is used.



Example Application for Dual-channel Two-hand Monitoring with Automatic Start

7.7 Dual-channel Safety Door Monitoring with Magnetic Switch, Automatic Reset and Emergency Stop

Achievable safety rating	Cat. 4	DIN EN ISO 13849-1	
	PLe	DIN EN ISO 13849-1	
	SIL3	IEC 62061/61508	
Stop category	0	EN 60204-1	
Features		-channel monitoring PDF-M (as per 0947-5-3)	
	Cross-connection detection		
	• Autor	matic reset	
	Monitoring of external contactors (EDM)		
Safety sensor/operating	Emergency stop button		
mechanism	• Magr	netic switch with coded magnet	
Notes	The application must be compatible with the automatic start-up function.		

Note: All example applications shown are proposals without warranty. In any case the operator has to perform a safety review of the entire site.

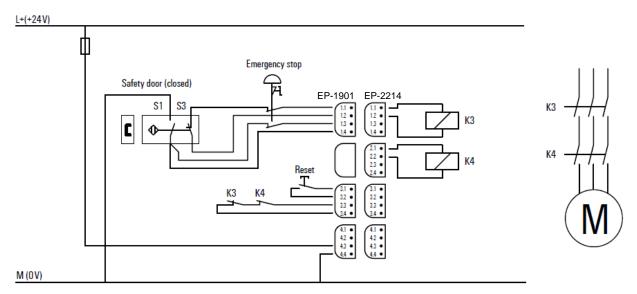
When the emergency stop button is pushed or the safety door is opened, the EP-19xx switches off the 24-V supply for the modules (switchable modules refer to the section, *General Contact Information*) within the safety segment and thus also contactors K3 and K4. The failure of a switching element in the emergency stop button or the safety door as well

as a cross-circuit in their supply lines does not result in the failure of the emergency stop mechanism and is detected within the fault-reaction time.

The EP-19xx switches on the 24-V supply for the modules within the safety segment if:

- Emergency stop button is unlocked
- Safety door is closed
- Feedback circuit (NC contacts of K3 and K4) is closed

Contactors K3 and K4 are controlled by the PLC and can switch on as soon as the EP-19xx has switched on the 24-V supply. To reset the system, press the reset button within 0.1 to 2 s after switching on the power supply, even when automatic reset is used.



Example Application for Dual-channel Safety Door Monitoring with Magnetic Switch, Automatic Reset and Emergency Stop

7.8 Dual-channel Safety Door Monitoring, Spring-operated Interlock with Manual Reset and Emergency Stop

Achievable safety rating	Cat. 4	DIN EN ISO 13849-1
	PLe	DIN EN ISO 13849-1
	SIL3	IEC 62061/61508
Stop category	0	EN 60204-1
Features	• Dual-	-channel monitoring
	Cross-connection detection	
	Manual reset	
	Monitoring of external contactors (EDM)	
Safety sensor/operating	ione .	
mechanism	Position switch with interlock	
	Zero-speed monitor	
	Manual unlocking	
Notes		n of the fault Interruption or g of the activator, error in the safety

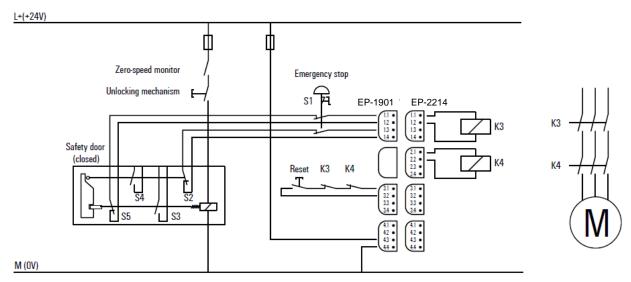
Note: All example applications shown are proposals without warranty. In any case the operator has to perform a safety review of the entire site.

When the emergency stop button is pushed, the EP-19xx switches off the 24-V supply for the modules (switchable modules refer to the section, *General Contact Information*) within the safety segment and thus also contactors K3 and K4. The failure of a switching element in the emergency stop button or the safety door contact as well as a cross-circuit in their supply lines does not result in the failure of the emergency stop mechanism and is detected within the fault-reaction time.

A stop is performed by switching off K3 and K4 via the PLC. After the motor comes to a stop, as observed by the zero-speed monitor, the spring-operated interlock can be activated via the unlocking button and the safety door can be opened. When the power supply is turned off, the safety door cannot be opened if the locking mechanism is engaged. We recommend using switches with mechanical unlocking capabilities.

The EP-19xx switches on the 24-V supply for the following modules within the safety segment if:

- Emergency stop button is unlocked
- Safety door is closed
- Locking mechanism is engaged
- Feedback circuit (NC contacts of K3 and K4) is closed
- Start push button has been pushed and released again



Example Application for Dual-channel Emergency Stop Monitoring

7.9 Dual-channel Safety Door Monitoring, Magnetically Operated Interlock with Manual Reset and Emergency Stop

Achievable safety rating	Cat. 4	DIN EN ISO 13849-1	
	PLe	DIN EN ISO 13849-1	
	SIL3	IEC 62061/61508	
Stop category	0	EN 60204-1	
Features	Dual-channel monitoring		
	• Cross	s-connection detection	
	Automatic reset		
	Monitoring of external contactors (EDM)		
	Off-delay via PLC		
Safety sensor/operating	• Emer	gency stop button	
mechanism	Position switch with interlock		
Notes	Exclusion of the fault Interruption or releasing of the activator, error in the safety interlock		
	_	 The PLC must activate the interlock directly after the safety door is closed 	

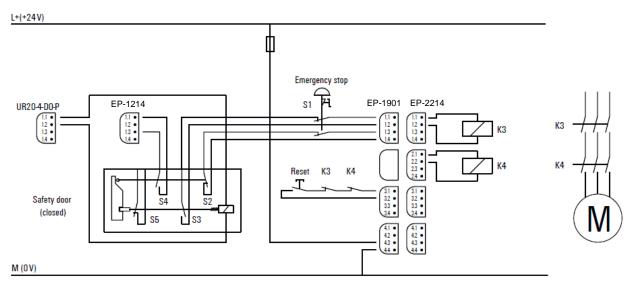
Note: All example applications shown are proposals without warranty. In any case the operator has to perform a safety review of the entire site.

When the emergency stop button is pushed, the EP-19xx switches off the 24-V supply for the modules (switchable modules refer to the section, *General Contact Information*) within the safety segment and thus also contactors K3 and K4. The failure of a switching element in the emergency stop button or the safety door contact as well as a cross-circuit in their supply lines does not result in the failure of the emergency stop mechanism and is detected within the fault-reaction time.

A stop is performed by switching off K3 and K4 via the PLC. The door can be opened when the PLC releases the interlock.

The EP-19xx switches on the 24-V supply for modules within the safety segment if

- Emergency button is unlocked
- Safety door is closed
- PLC has activated and engaged the interlock
- Feedback circuit (NC contacts of K3 and K4) is closed
- Start push button has been pushed and released again



Example Application for Dual-channel Safety Door Monitoring, Magnetically Operated Interlock with Manual Reset, Stop and Emergency Stop

7.10 Dual-channel Safety Door Monitoring with Proximity Sensors, Automatic Reset and Emergency Stop

Achievable safety rating	Cat. 4	DIN EN ISO 13849-1	
	PLe	DIN EN ISO 13849-1	
	SIL3	IEC 62061/61508	
Stop category	0	EN 60204-1	
Features	Dual-channel monitoring		
	Cross-connection detection		
	Automatic reset		
	• Moni	toring of external contactors (EDM)	
Safety sensor/operating	• Emer	gency stop button	
mechanism	2 proximity switches		
Notes	The power supply for the proximity switches is not shown		
		application must be compatible the automatic start-up function	

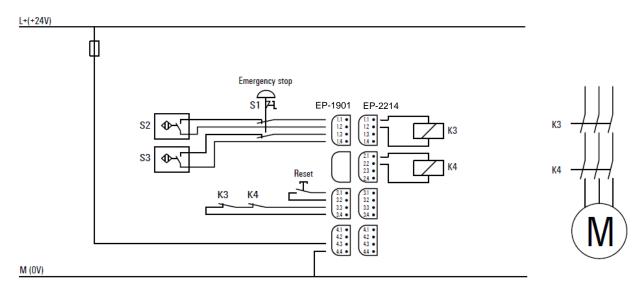
Note: All example applications shown are proposals without warranty. In any case the operator has to perform a safety review of the entire site.

If the emergency stop button is pushed or at least one magnetic switch is opened, the EP-19xx switches off the 24-V supply for the modules within safety segment and thus also contactors K3 and K4. The failure of a switching element in the emergency stop button or a cross-circuit in its supply lines does not result in the failure of the emergency stop mechanism and is detected within the fault-reaction time.

The EP-19xx switches on the 24-V supply for modules within the safety segment if:

- Emergency button is unlocked
- Both magnetic contacts are closed
- Feedback circuit (NC contacts of K3 and K4) is closed

Contactors K3 and K4 are controlled by the PLC and can switch on as soon as the EP-19xx has switched on the 24-V supply. To reset the system, press the reset button within 0.1 to 2 s after switching on the power supply, even when automatic reset is used.



Example Application for Dual-channel Safety Door Monitoring with Proximity Detectors, Automatic Reset and Emergency Stop

7.11 Dual-channel Safety Door Monitoring, Spring-operated Interlock, Controlled Shutdown with Manual Reset and Emergency Stop

Achievable safety rating	Cat. 4	DIN EN ISO 13849-1
	PLe	DIN EN ISO 13849-1
	SIL3	IEC 62061/61508
Stop category	0	EN 60204-1
Features	 Dual-channel monitoring Cross-connection detection Manual reset Monitoring of external contactors (EDM) 	
Safety sensor/operating mechanism	Emergency stop buttonPosition switch with interlockManual unlocking	
Notes	 Manual unlocking Exclusion of the fault Interruption or releasing of the activator, error in the safety interlock As soon as the enabling on the frequency converter is withdrawn, the converter must execute a controlled shutdown 	

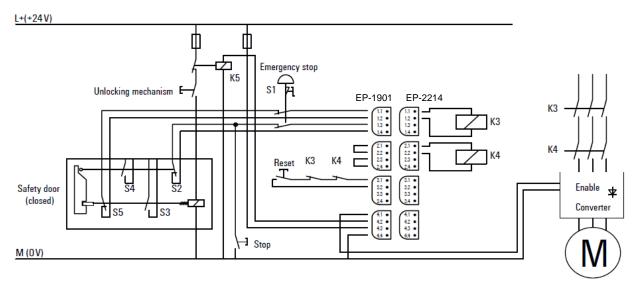
Note: All example applications shown are proposals without warranty. In any case the operator has to perform a safety review of the entire site.

When the emergency stop button is pushed, the EP-19xx switches off the 24-V supply for the modules (switchable modules refer to the section, *General Contact Information*) within the safety segment and thus also contactors K3 and K4. The failure of a switching element in the emergency stop button or the safety door contact as well as a cross-circuit in their supply lines does not result in the failure of the emergency stop mechanism and is detected within the fault-reaction time.

After pressing the stop button and the delay time set in the EP-1922, the spring-operated interlock can be activated with the unlock button and the safety door can be opened. When the power supply is turned off, the safety door cannot be opened if the locking mechanism is engaged. We recommend using switches with mechanical unlocking capabilities.

The EP-19xx switches on the 24-V supply for modules within the safety segment if:

- Emergency button is unlocked
- Safety door is closed
- Locking mechanism is engaged
- Feedback circuit (NC contacts of K3 and K4) is closed
- Start push button has been pushed and released again



Example Application for Dual-channel Safety Door Monitoring, Spring-operated Interlock, Controlled Shutdown with Manual Reset and Emergency Stop

7.12 Dual-channel Safety Door Monitoring with Automatic Reset and Controlled Shutdown and Emergency Stop

	1	T
Achievable safety rating	Cat. 4	DIN EN ISO 13849-1
	PLe	DIN EN ISO 13849-1
	SIL3	IEC 62061/61508
Stop category	0	EN 60204-1
Features	CrossAutor	-channel monitoring s-connection detection matic reset toring of external contactors (EDM)
Safety sensor/operating mechanism	Emergency stop buttonPosition switchOptional: brake	
Notes	 Optional: brake Autostart is also possible if the NC circuits from K3 and K4 are connected to 3.3 and 3.4 As soon as the enabling on the frequency converter is withdrawn, the converter must execute a controlled shutdown Exclusion of fault: No external energy might be fed into the control line of the 	

Note: All example applications shown are proposals without warranty. In any case the operator has to perform a safety review of the entire site.

When the emergency stop button is pushed, the EP-19xx switches off the 24-V supply for the modules (switchable modules refer to the section, *General Contact Information*) within the safety segment and thus also contactors K3 and K4. The failure of a switching element in the emergency stop button or the safety door contact as well as a cross-circuit in their supply lines does not result in the failure of the emergency stop mechanism and is detected within the fault-reaction time.

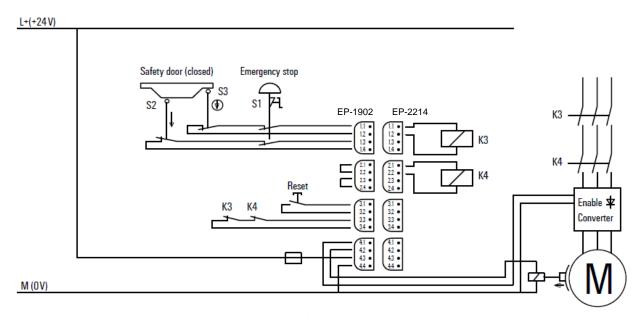
After opening the safety door and the expiration of the delay time set in the EP-1922, the springoperated interlock can be activated with the unlock button and the safety door can be opened. When the power supply is turned off, the safety door cannot be opened if the locking

mechanism is engaged. We recommend using switches with mechanical unlocking capabilities.

The EP-19xx module switches the 24-V power supply for the following modules within the safety segment if:

- Emergency stop button is unlocked
- Safety door is closed
- Feedback circuit (NC contacts of K3 and K4) is closed

Contactors K3 and K4 are controlled by the PLC and can switch on as soon as the EP-19xx has switched on the 24-V supply. To reset the system when switching on the power, simply press the reset button.



Example Application for Dual-channel Safety Door Monitoring with Automatic Reset and Controlled Shutdown and Emergency Stop

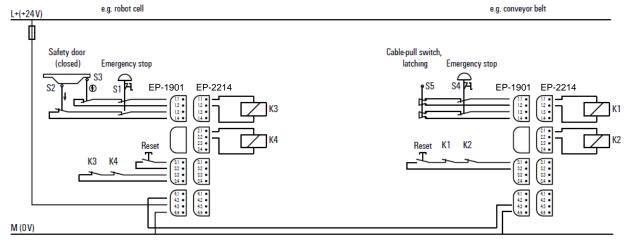
7.13 Cascading

Achievable safety rating	Cat. 4 DIN EN ISO 13849-1	
	PLe	DIN EN ISO 13849-1
	SIL3	IEC 62061/61508
Notes	A shielded cable installation is necessary if	
	the safely switched-off line (24 V OSSD on 4.2) runs outside the switch cabinet.	

Note: All example applications shown are proposals without warranty. In any case the operator has to perform a safety review of the entire site.

The following shows the cascading of EP-19xx modules. When the safety door for the robot cell is opened in the example, the conveyor belt is also switched off at the same time. In contrast, switching off the conveyor belt (for example, with the cable-pull switch) does not automatically switch off the robot cell.

Multiple cascade levels and also multiple EP-19xx modules can be used on a single level. Be aware that the triggering of an EP-19xx module immediately switches off the 24 V supply of all subsequent safe powerfeed modules. A delay of these modules is then no longer effective.



Example Application for Cascading

Chapter 8 LED Indicators and Troubleshooting

Attention



In the event of a malfunction occurring on a RSTi-EP station, carry out the following recommended measures. If the malfunction cannot be fixed, send the affected product to GE (refer to the section, *General Contact Information*). GE does not assume any liability If the base or electronic module has been tampered with.

Module	LED	Status	Recommended action
EP-1901	Status LED	Red: - Module has not been snapped properly - Error in the supply voltage - Channel error	 Check that the module has been snapped into place properly Check supply voltage: check +24 V input current path check voltage on plug 4.3; in case of cascading 0 V might be properly, therefore this is not an error Check channel error
		- Overload at the OSSD output level	- Remove cross connection at OSSD
		External feed-in recognised from field side	- Measure voltage at OSSD (4.3) vs. GND (4.4) If a voltage is present, check the wiring. Attention: safety hazard - Shut down the system and prevent it from switching on again
		- Internal error detected	 Module might have switched off caused by overtemperature; check the temperature inside the switch cabinet Perform a cold start within 24 hours If the error has not been fixed, send the module to GE for a technical examination
		Interruption in one of the two safety loops of a safety circuit for at least 3 seconds	Check safety circuit for interruptions if an interruption of the safety channel is not part of the application
		Cross connection between the safety loops for at least 3 seconds	Check safety circuit for cross connections
	1.1	Off: Safety circuit 1 interrupted Yellow: Safety circuit 1 OK	Check safety circuit 1
	4.2	Off: OSSD not active Yellow: OSSD active, 24 V DC at output	
	4.3	Green: Feed-in voltage in valid range	

Module LED Status Recommended action
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EP-1902, EP-1922	Status LED	Red: - Module has not been snapped properly - Error in the supply voltage - Channel error - Overload at the OSSD output level - External feed-in recognised from field side	 Check that the module has been snapped into place properly Check the supply voltage: check +24 V input current path check voltage on plug 4.3; in case of cascading 0 V might be properly, therefore this is not an error Check channel error Remove cross connection at OSSD Measure voltage at OSSD (4.3) vs. GND (4.4). If a voltage is present, check the wiring. Attention: safety hazard! Shut down the system and prevent it from switching on again.
		– Internal error detected	 Module might have switched off caused by overtemperature; check the temperature inside the switch cabinet Perform a cold start within 24 hours. If the error has not been fixed, send the module to GE for a technical examination.
		Interruption in one of the two safety loops of a safety circuit for at least 3 seconds.	Check safety circuit for interruptions if an interruption of the safety channel is not part of the application
		Cross connection between the safety loops for at least 3 seconds.	- Check safety circuit for cross connections
	1.1	Off: Safety circuit 1 interrupted Yellow: Safety circuit 1 OK	Check safety circuit 1
	2.1	Off: Safety circuit 2 interrupted Yellow: Safety circuit 2 OK	Check safety circuit 2
	4.1 (DELAY only)	Off: SS1 not active Yellow: SS1 active, 24 V DC at output	
	4.2	Off: OSSD not active Yellow: OSSD active, 24 V DC at output	
	4.3	Green: Feed-in voltage in valid range	

Chapter 9 Accessories and Replacement Parts

Order No.	Designation	Purpose
EP-8100	Swivel marker	Pivoting holder for module markers
EP-8101	Paper labels for swivel markers	Can be printed with laser printers
EP-8301	Termination kit	Set with two end brackets and one end plate
EP-8360	High density connector kit	High Density Connector signal connectors for EP-3368 and EP-3468 (8 connectors per package)

9.1 Replacement Parts



- 1. Base module
- 2. Electronic unit
- 3. Plug-in unit

Replacement Parts for Modules

Module/Order No	Base Module		
EP-1901	EP-8300		
EP-1902	EP-8300		
EP-1922	EP-8300		

Appendix A Checklist for Use of EP-19xx Modules

Checklist for use of EP-19xx Modules	
	Sheet 1/3: Planning

Equipment type / equipment ID		
Version: HW/FW	Date:	
Reviewer 1:	Reviewer 2:	
Notes:		

No.	Requirement (mandatory)	Yes	Remark
1	The corresponding manual was consulted during planning.		
2	The sensors/control devices are approved for connection to the module.		
3	The power supply was planned as per the safety extra-low voltage guidelines in accordance with PELV or SELV.		
4	The module was externally fused according to the guidelines in the manual.		
5	Measures to prevent simple manipulations have been planned.		
6	Measures against plug mix-ups have been planned.		
7	The requirements for the sensors and installation of cables correspond to the applicable safety standards (SIL, Cat., PL) and the planned implementation takes these standards into consideration.		
8	The guidelines for per-channel configuration have been defined.		
9	The intentional starting up of potentially hazardous processes is only possible while looking into the danger zone at the same time.		
10	If the installation requires exclusions of faults: the measures have been realized.		
11	The planned use corresponds to the intended use.		
12	The environmental conditions meet the guidelines that are specified in the technical data.		
	Requirement (optional)	Yes/No	Remark
13	The accessories to be used were selected according to the order data in the manual.		
14	The guidelines for installation and electrical set-up were defined and handed over to the departments performing the work.		
15	The guidelines for commissioning were defined and handed over to the departments performing the work.		
Date /	Signature of Reviewer 1:	Date / Sig	gnature of Reviewer 2:

Checklist for use of EP-19xx Modules

Sheet 2/3: Assembly and electrical installation

Equipment type / equipment ID		
Version: HW/FW Date:		
Reviewer 1:	Reviewer 2:	
Notes:		

No.	Requirement (mandatory)	Yes	Remark
1	Installation was carried out in accordance with the guidelines from the planning stage and/or the manual.		
2	The safety module(s) was(were) installed in a switch cabinet (IP 54).		
3	All conductor cross-sections meet the guidelines.		
Date / Signature of Reviewer 1:		Date / Signature of Reviewer 2:	

Checklist for use of EP-19xx Modules

Sheet 3/3: Commissioning and configuration

Equipment type / equipment ID		
Version: HW/FW	Date:	
Reviewer 1:	Reviewer 2:	
Notes:		

No.	Requirement (mandatory)	Yes	Remark
1	During commissioning, the intentional starting up of potentially hazardous processes is only possible while looking into the danger zone at the same time.		
2	Commissioning is carried out according to the guidelines from the planning stage and/or the manual.		
3	All inputs were configured.		
	Requirement (optional)	Yes/No	Remark
4	The safety clearances to be maintained are measured according to the implemented reaction and delay times.		
Date / Signature of Reviewer 1:		Date / Signature of Reviewer 2:	

