PACSystems[™] RX3i

REDUNDANCY MEMORY XCHANGE MODULE (IC695RMX228)





Warnings Caution Notes as Used in this Publication

WARNING

Warning notices are used in this publication to emphasize that hazardous voltages, currents, temperatures, or other conditions that could cause personal injury exist in this equipment or may be associated with its use.

In situations where inattention could cause either personal injury or damage to equipment, a Warning notice is used.

CAUTION

Caution notices are used where equipment might be damaged if care is not taken.

Note: Notes merely call attention to information that is especially significant to understanding and operating the equipment.

These instructions do not purport to cover all details or variations in equipment, nor to provide for every possible contingency to be met during installation, operation, and maintenance. The information is supplied for informational purposes only, and Emerson makes no warranty as to the accuracy of the information included herein. Changes, modifications, and/or improvements to equipment and specifications are made periodically and these changes may or may not be reflected herein. It is understood that Emerson may make changes, modifications, or improvements to the equipment referenced herein or to the document itself at any time. This document is intended for trained personnel familiar with the Emerson products referenced herein.

Emerson may have patents or pending patent applications covering subject matter in this document. The furnishing of this document does not provide any license whatsoever to any of these patents.

Emerson provides the following document and the information included therein as-is and without warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, including but not limited to any implied statutory warranty of merchantability or fitness for particular purpose.

Introduction

The PACSystems Redundancy Memory Xchange (RMX) module operates as a node on a reflective memory network or as a dedicated link between CPUs in an RX3i Hot Standby CPU Redundancy system. When the RMX is not being used as a link in a redundancy system, it is functionally identical to the IC695CMX128 module. Each node in the network can be any reflective memory device that is compatible with the 5565 family. Whenever data is written to one node, all nodes on the network are automatically updated with the new data.

When used as a node on a reflective memory network, the RMX module provides deterministic sharing of data among PLCs and other computing devices on a high-speed fiber-optic network. A reflective memory network can contain up to 256 nodes.

Each node in the reflective memory network is connected in a daisy-chained loop using fiber-optic cables. The transmitter of the first node is tied to the receiver of the second. The transmitter of the second node is tied to the receiver of the third node, and so on, until the loop is completed at the receiver of the first node.

When used in a CPU redundancy system, the RMX modules provide a path for transferring data between the two redundancy CPUs in the redundant system. A complete communications path consists of one RMX in the primary unit, one RMX in the secondary unit, and two high-speed fiber-optic cables connecting them to each other. This must be a two-node ring: no other reflective memory nodes are allowed to be part of this fiber-optic network.

Emerson strongly recommends two redundancy links (a total of four RMX modules) be configured and installed. Optionally, systems can be configured for a single redundancy link (a total of two RMX modules).

When the RMX is being used as link in a redundancy system, it cannot be used as a general-purpose Memory Xchange module. For details on the operation of a PACSystems CPU redundancy system, refer to GFK-2308, PACSystems Hot Standby CPU Redundancy User's Manual.

A PACSystems RX3i main rack supports a maximum of six Memory Xchange modules in any combination of RMX128, RMX228, and CMX128 modules. A maximum of two RMX modules can be configured as redundancy communication links.

Features

- PACSystems RX3i single slot form factor.
- 128 Mbytes reflective memory.¹
- Software configuration of all node parameters (no jumper or switch settings required).
- High-speed easy-to-use 2.12 Gbaud fiber-optic network.
- No RX3i CPU processing required to operate the network.
- When not used in a Redundant pair, network-compatible with VMIC 5565 family of reflective memory devices, including the RX7i CMX/RMX module (hub required when mixing Multi Mode and Single mode modules on the same network).
- Connection with single-mode fiber up to 10 km/6.2 mi. A single mode card cannot directly connect to a multimode card.
- Dynamic packet sizes of 4 to 68 bytes, controlled by the RMX128/RMX228 module when configured to operate as a CMX128 module.
- Programmable module interrupt output.
- Four general-purpose network interrupts with 32 bits of data each.¹
- Network error detection.
- Up to 256 nodes per network.¹
- Redundant transfer mode operation. This optional mode reduces the chance of a data packet being dropped from the network.¹

¹ Not available when operating as a redundancy link in a CPU redundancy system.

Configurable network memory offset allows you to assign nodes on a network to groups according to the 16MB segment in the network address space that they use.¹

The RMX128/RMX228 module must be located in an RX3i Universal Backplane. The module can be hot-inserted and removed following the instructions in the PACSystems RX3i System Manual (GFK-2314).

Specifications

Specification	Description	
Packet size	Dynamic, automatically controlled by RMX128/RMX228 module	
User memory	128MB SDRAM	
Input power (from RX3i power supply)	580 mA @ +3.3 VDC 220 mA @ +5 VDC	
Connectors	 Fiber-optic LC type, conforms to IEC 61754-20 Insertion loss: refer to cable/connector specifications Return loss: refer to cable/connector specifications 	

Refer to the PACSystems RX3i System Manual (GFK-2314) for product standards and general specifications.

Related Publications

Available at https://www.emerson.com/Industrial-Automation-Controls/support.

PACSystems CPU Reference Manual (GFK-2222)

PACSystems RX3i System Manual (GFK-2314E) or later

PACSystems Installation and Maintenance Requirements (GFK-2975) or later

PACSystems Memory Xchange Modules User's Manual (GFK-2300E) or later

PACSystems RX3i Ethernet NIU User's Manual (GFK-2439)

PACSystems Hot Standby CPU Redundancy User's Guide (GFK-2308J) or later

Ordering Information

Description	Catalog Number
Reflective Memory Xchange Module for RX3i	IC695RMX228
Single Mode Fiber-optic Cables	Bought separately and not furnished by Intelligent Platforms LLC
Reflective Memory Hub	VMIACC-5595

Installation and Maintenance

Refer to PACSystems Installation and Maintenance Requirements (GFK-2975) to ensure safe use guidelines are followed for each installation environment.

Release History

Release	Firmware Version	Date	Comments
IC695RMX228-AFAB	2.01	Oct 2021	The product's labels have been updated to show compliance with new certifications. For updated certifications, please refer to https://emerson-mas.force.com/communities/en_US/Article/Certifications-and-Agency-Approvals-Landing-Page.
IC695RMX228-AEAB	2.01	Sep 2020	Manufacturing update. No change to fit, form, or function.
IC695RMX228-ADAB	2.01	Sep 2019	Following Emerson's acquisition of this product, changes have been made to apply appropriate branding and registration of the product with required certification agencies. No changes to material, process, form, fit or functionality.

Release	Firmware Version	Date	Comments
IC695RMX228-ACAB	HW -ACxx 2.01	March 2016	Hardware change: Power Cycle issue that in rare cases after cycling power on the module could result in "loss of module" during power up. A subsequent power cycle will clear this condition. Refer to the section Problems Resolved by Hardware version -ACxx for additional information. Firmwareversion 2.01: In rare cases a timing issue occurs after a power cycle resulting in a "loss of module" during power up. A subsequent power cycle will clear this condition.
IC695RMX228-ABAA	2.00	July 2015	Revision ABAA enhances the design's resistance to the rare condition of corruption during a memory read (seen by user as a broken redundant link on an RMX228) from occurring.
IC695RMX228-AAAA	2.00	June 2014	Initial release for IC695RMX228

Important Product Information for this Release

Upgrades

A CAUTION

• Do not install firmware versions earlier than 2.00. This will render the unit inoperable and will require the unit be returned to the factory.

Functional Compatibility

The RMX requires the following versions for configuration and operation.

Subject	Description		
Programmer Version Requirements	PME version 8.50 SIM2 or later must be used for compatibility with the RMX228 module.		
RX3i CPU	RX3i CPU firmware version 8.15 (CI_R69431_2014_04_30_E3KL) or later is required to be used with the RMX228 module. PACSystems RX3i CRU320 is required for use in a redundancy system.		
RMX228 Versions	Firmware versions earlier than 2.00 are not compatible with any of the RMX228 hardware versions.		
Rack Location	The RMX128/RMX228 must be located in the main RX3i rack. IC695RMX128/RMX228 modules require a PCI backplane, which is not available on IC694CHSxxx expansion bases.		

Restrictions and Open Issues in this Release

Subject	Description
RX3i RMX/CMX modules require grounded ESD strap for EMC Installation	When installing, operating, or maintaining the IC695RMX128/RMX228, personnel must ensure any electrostatic charge is discharged through the use of a grounded ESD strap or other means to meet IEC-61000-4-2 (ESD) requirements. A direct electrostatic discharge event of 4 kV or higher applied to the metal optical transceiver housing may result in a lights out module requiring a power cycle to recover.
RX3i RMX and CMX modules require a metal enclosure to meet radiated emissions requirements.	For installation requirements, refer to the section, EMC Installation Requirements.

Subject	Description
RX3i CMX/RMX does not disable transmitter when the CPU goes to Stop/Halt mode.	For IC695CMX128, IC695RMX128, and IC695RMX228 modules not used as redundancy links, the automatic transmitter disable feature currently does not work correctly when a controller goes to Stop/Halt mode. When the CPU goes to Stop/Halt mode or fails and the automatic transmitter disable feature is enabled, the fiber-optic transmitter should be turned off, breaking the reflective memory link. When the feature is disabled, the transmitter remains ON and the reflective memory link will not be broken. If this feature is enabled, the automatic transmitter disable feature does not work when the CPU goes into Stop/Halt mode (such as after a software watchdog trip or multi-bit ECC error detection) leaving the fiber-optic transmitter ON. The fiber-optic transmitter is properly disabled if the CPU fails or is lost (for instance the CPU hardware is removed, the CPU experiences a hardware watchdog event, or displays a blink code such as a page fault). This user-configurable feature is enabled by default. The feature may be disabled by clearing bit 12 with a BUS_WRITE to region 3, offset 0x440.
The LCSR status bit is not turning ON after LISR turns ON when Interrupt (Sync Loss) is generated.	When a sync loss condition is detected the LISR bit is latched ON but the LCSR sync loss bit is not latched ON (that is, it remains OFF). To check the sync loss status, monitor the sync loss bit in the LISR register instead of the LCSR sync loss bit.
SVC_REQ 17 is not supported	SVC_REQ 17 is not supported to mask or unmask module interrupts on RX3i CPUs. There is currently no way to identify which module interrupt should be masked on RX3i. For RX7i this was handled by a table of values, but this table of values is invalid on RX3i. Instead the customer should simply turn off interrupts using the normal interrupt disabling mechanism as described in the user's manual.

Problems Resolved with this Release

None

Operational Notes

Bad Data Interrupt	To prevent continuous interrupts when the Bad Data Interrupt is enabled, you may
,	want to temporarily set bit 8 in the LIER to 0 when a sync loss condition is detected.
	If your application is also using the Sync Loss Interrupt, you may also want to
	temporarily set bit 11 in the LIER to zero when the sync loss condition is detected.
	You can then re-enable the Bad Data Interrupt (and Sync Loss Interrupt if it was also
	disabled) when the sync loss condition has been corrected.

General Contact Information

Home link: http://www.emerson.com/industrial-automation-controls

Knowledge Base: https://www.emerson.com/industrial-automation-controls/support

Technical Support

Americas

Phone: 1-888-565-4155

1-434-214-8532 (If toll free option is unavailable)

Customer Care (Quotes/Orders/Returns): customercare.mas@emerson.com

Technical Support: support.mas@emerson.com

Europe

Phone: +800-4444-8001

+420-225-379-328 (If toll free option is unavailable)

Customer Care (Quotes/Orders/Returns): customercare.emea.mas@emerson.com

Technical Support: support.mas.emea@emerson.com

Asia

Phone: +86-400-842-8599

+65-6955-9413 (All other Countries)

Customer Care (Quotes/Orders/Returns): customercare.cn.mas@emerson.com

Technical Support: support:mas.apac@emerson.com

Any escalation request should be sent to: mas.sfdcescalation@emerson.com

Note: If the product is purchased through an Authorized Channel Partner, please contact the seller directly for any support.

Emerson reserves the right to modify or improve the designs or specifications of the products mentioned in this manual at any time without notice. Emerson does not assume responsibility for the selection, use or maintenance of any product. Responsibility for proper selection, use and maintenance of any Emerson product remains solely with the purchaser.

© 2020 Emerson. All rights reserved.

Emerson Terms and Conditions of Sale are available upon request. The Emerson logo is a trademark and service mark of Emerson Electric Co. All other marks are the property of their respective owners.

